TS5A2066
DUAL-CHANNEL 10-Ω SPST ANALOG SWITCH

SCDS184 – JANUARY 2005

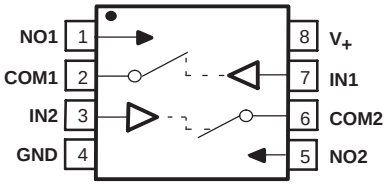
Description

The TS5A2066 is a dual single-pole single-throw (SPST) analog switch that is designed to operate from 1.65 V to 5.5 V. This device can handle both digital and analog signals, and signals up to V_+ can be transmitted in either direction.

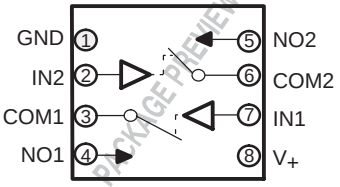
Applications

- **Sample-and-Hold Circuits**
- **Battery-Powered Equipment**
- **Audio and Video Signal Routing**
- **Communication Circuits**
- **Cell Phones**
- **Low-Voltage Data-Acquisition Systems**
- **PDAs**

SSOP OR VSSOP PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



YEP OR YZP PACKAGE
(BOTTOM VIEW)



FUNCTION TABLE

IN	NO TO COM, COM TO NO
L	OFF
H	ON

Features

- **Low ON-State Resistance (10 Ω)**
- **Control Inputs Are 5-V Tolerant**
- **Low Charge Injection**
- **Excellent ON-Resistance Matching**
- **Low Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)**
- **1.65-V to 5.5-V Single-Supply Operation**
- **Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II**
- **ESD Performance Tested Per JESD 22**
  - **2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-B, Class II)**
  - **1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)**

Summary of Characteristics

V_+ = 5 V and T_A = 25 °C

Configuration	Dual Single Pole Single Throw (2 × SPST)
Number of channels	2
ON-state resistance (r_{on})	7.5 Ω
ON-state resistance match (Δr_{on})	0.4 Ω
ON-state resistance flatness ($r_{on(flat)}$)	3.5 Ω
Turn-on/turn-off time (t_{ON}/t_{OFF})	5.8/3.6 ns
Charge injection (Q_C)	1 pc
Bandwidth (BW)	300 MHz
OFF isolation (O_{ISO})	–68 dB
Crosstalk (X_{TALK})	–66 dB
Total harmonic distortion (THD)	0.01%
Leakage current ($I_{COM(OFF)}$/$I_{NC(OFF)}$)	±50 mA
Power-supply current (I_+)	0.1 μA
Package option	8-pin DSBGA, SSOP, or VSSOP

ORDERING INFORMATION

T_A	PACKAGE(1)		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING(2)
−40°C to 85°C	NanoStar™ – WCSP (DSBGA) 0.23-mm Large Bump – YEP	Tape and reel	TS5A2066YEPR	
	NanoFree™ – WCSP (DSBGA) 0.23-mm Large Bump – YZP (Pb-free)	Tape and reel	TS5A2066YZPR PACKAGE PREVIEW	
	SSOP – DCT	Tape and reel	TS5A2066DCTR PACKAGE PREVIEW	
	VSSOP – DCU	Tape and reel	TS5A2066DCUR	JAG___

(1) Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.
(2) DCT: The actual top-side marking has three additional characters that designate the year, month, and assembly/test site.
DCU: The actual top-side marking has one additional character that designates the assembly/test site.
YEP/YZP: The actual top-side marking has three preceding characters to denote year, month, and sequence code, and one following character to designate the assembly/test site. Pin 1 identifier indicates solder-bump composition (1 = SnPb, ● = Pb-free).

Absolute Minimum and Maximum Ratings(1)(2)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_+	Supply voltage range(3)		−0.5	6.5	V
V_{NO} V_{COM}	Analog voltage range(3)(4)(5)		−0.5	V_+ + 0.5	V
I_K	Analog port diode current	V_{NO}, V_{COM} < 0 or V_{NO}, V_{COM} > V_+	−50	50	mA
I_{NO} I_{COM}	On-state switch current	V_{NO}, V_{COM} = 0 to V_+	−50	50	mA
V_I	Digital input voltage range(3)(4)		−0.5	6.5	V
I_{IK}	Digital input clamp current	V_I < 0	−50		mA
I_+	Continuous current through V_+			100	mA
I_{GND}	Continuous current through GND		−100	100	mA
θ_{JA}	Package thermal impedance(6)	DCT package		220	°C/W
		DCU package		227	
		YEP/YZP package		102	
T_{stg}	Storage temperature range		−65	150	°C

(1) Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those specified is not implied.
(2) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum
(3) All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified.
(4) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
(5) This value is limited to 5.5 V maximum.
(6) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

Electrical Characteristics for 5-V Supply(1)

V_+ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V, T_A = −40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Analog Switch									
Analog signal range	V_{COM}, V_{NO}					0		V_+	V
ON-state resistance	r_{on}	$0 \le V_{NO} \le V_+$, I_{COM} = −32 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	4.5 V		7.5	10	Ω
				Full				15	
ON-state resistance match between channels	Δr_{on}	V_{NO} = 3.15 V, I_{COM} = −32 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	4.5 V		0.4	1	Ω
				Full				3	
ON-state resistance flatness	$r_{on(flat)}$	$0 \le V_{NO} \le V_+$, I_{COM} = −32 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	4.5 V	2	3.5	5	Ω
				Full		4		8	
NO OFF leakage current	$I_{NO(OFF)}$	V_{NO} = 1 V, V_{COM} = 4.5 V, or V_{NO} = 4.5 V, V_{COM} = 1 V,	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°C	5.5 V	−30	−10	30	nA
				Full		−40		40	
COM OFF leakage current	$I_{COM(OFF)}$	V_{COM} = 1 V, V_{NO} = 4.5 V, or V_{COM} = 4.5 V, V_{NO} = 1 V,	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°C	5.5 V	−50	−8	50	nA
				Full		−50		50	
NO ON leakage current	$I_{NO(ON)}$	V_{NO} = 1 V, V_{COM} = Open, or V_{NO} = 4.5 V, V_{COM} = Open,	Switch ON, See Figure 15	25°C	5.5 V	−40	−12	40	nA
				Full		−40		40	
COM ON leakage current	$I_{COM(ON)}$	V_{COM} = 1 V, V_{NO} = Open, or V_{COM} = 4.5 V, V_{NO} = Open,	Switch ON, See Figure 15	25°C	5.5 V	−70	−30	70	nA
				Full		−70		70	
Digital Control Input (IN)									
Input logic high	V_{IH}			Full		$V_+ \times 0.7$		5.5	V
Input logic low	V_{IL}			Full		0		$V_+ \times 0.3$	V
Input leakage current	I_{IH}, I_{IL}	V_I = 5.5 V or 0		25°C	5.5 V	−0.1	0.05	0.1	µA
				Full		−1		1	

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

Electrical Characteristics for 5-V Supply(1) (continued)

V_+ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V, T_A = −40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dynamic									
Turn-on time	t_{ON}	V_{COM} = 3 V, R_L = 300 Ω,	C_L = 35 pF, See Figure 17	25°C	5 V	4.4	5.2	5.8	ns
				Full	4.5 V to 5.5 V	3.4		6.1	
Turn-off time	t_{OFF}	V_{COM} = 3 V, R_L = 300 Ω,	C_L = 35 pF, See Figure 17	25°C	5 V	1.7	2.6	3.6	ns
				Full	4.5 V to 5.5 V	1.3		4.2	
Charge injection	Q_C	V_{GEN} = 0, R_{GEN} = 0,	C_L = 0.1 nF, See Figure 21	25°C	5 V		1		pC
NO OFF capacitance	$C_{NO(OFF)}$	V_{NO} = V_+ or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		5.5		pF
COM OFF capacitance	$C_{COM(OFF)}$	V_{COM} = V_+ or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		5.5		pF
NO ON capacitance	$C_{NO(ON)}$	V_{NO} = V_+ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		13.5		pF
COM ON capacitance	$C_{COM(ON)}$	V_{COM} = V_+ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		13.5		pF
Digital input capacitance	C_I	V_I = V_+ or GND,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		2.5		pF
Bandwidth	BW	R_L = 50 Ω, Switch ON,	See Figure 18	25°C	5 V		300		MHz
OFF isolation	O_{ISO}	R_L = 50 Ω, f = 10 MHz,	Switch OFF, See Figure 19	25°C	5 V		−68		dB
Crosstalk	X_{TALK}	R_L = 50 Ω, f = 10 MHz,	Switch ON, See Figure 20	25°C	5 V		−66		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	R_L = 600 Ω, C_L = 50 pF,	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 22	25°C	5 V		0.01		%
Supply									
Positive supply current	I_+	V_I = V_+ or GND,	Switch ON or OFF	25°C	5.5 V		0.1	1	µA
				Full				5	

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

Electrical Characteristics for 3.3-V Supply(1)

V_+ = 3 V to 3.6 V, T_A = −40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Analog Switch									
Analog signal range	V_{COM}, V_{NO}					0		V_+	V
ON-state resistance	r_{on}	$0 \le V_{NO} \le V_+$, I_{COM} = −24 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	3 V	10	12	15	Ω
				Full		12		20	
ON-state resistance match between channels	Δr_{on}	V_{NO} = 2.1 V, I_{COM} = −24 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	3 V	0.04	0.5	1.5	Ω
				Full		0.01		3.5	
ON-state resistance flatness	$r_{on(flat)}$	$0 \le V_{NO} \le V_+$, I_{COM} = −24 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	3 V	6	7	8	Ω
				Full		9		12	
NO OFF leakage current	$I_{NO(OFF)}$	V_{NO} = 1 V, V_{COM} = 3 V, or V_{NO} = 3 V, V_{COM} = 1 V,	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°C	3.6 V	−30	−6	30	nA
				Full		−40		40	
COM OFF leakage current	$I_{COM(OFF)}$	V_{COM} = 1 V, V_{NO} = 3 V, or V_{COM} = 3 V, V_{NO} = 1 V,	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°C	3.6 V	−50	−7	50	nA
				Full		−50		50	
NO ON leakage current	$I_{NO(ON)}$	V_{NO} = 1 V, V_{COM} = Open, or V_{NO} = 3 V, V_{COM} = Open,	Switch ON, See Figure 15	25°C	3.6 V	−40	−7	40	nA
				Full		−40		40	
COM ON leakage current	$I_{COM(ON)}$	V_{COM} = 1 V, V_{NO} = Open, or V_{COM} = 3 V, V_{NO} = Open,	Switch ON, See Figure 15	25°C	3.6 V	−70	−20	70	nA
				Full		−70		70	
Digital Control Input (IN)									
Input logic high	V_{IH}			Full		$V_+ \times 0.7$		5.5	V
Input logic low	V_{IL}			Full		0		$V_+ \times 0.3$	V
Input leakage current	I_{IH}, I_{IL}	V_I = 5.5 V or 0		25°C	3.6 V	−0.1	0.05	0.1	µA
				Full		−1		1	

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

Electrical Characteristics for 3.3-V Supply(1) (continued)

V_+ = 3 V to 3.6 V, T_A = −40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dynamic									
Turn-on time	t_{ON}	V_{COM} = 2 V, R_L = 300 Ω,	C_L = 35 pF, See Figure 17	25°C	3.3 V	4.9	5.6	6.4	ns
				Full	3 V to 3.6 V	4.3		7.1	
Turn-off time	t_{OFF}	V_{COM} = 2 V, R_L = 300 Ω,	C_L = 35 pF, See Figure 17	25°C	3.3 V	2	2.7	3.7	ns
				Full	3 V to 3.6 V	1.3		4.7	
Charge injection	Q_C	V_{GEN} = 0, R_{GEN} = 0,	C_L = 0.1 nF, See Figure 21	25°C	3.3 V		0.5		pC
NO OFF capacitance	$C_{NO(OFF)}$	V_{NO} = V_+ or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	3.3 V		5.5		pF
COM OFF capacitance	$C_{COM(OFF)}$	V_{COM} = V_+ or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	3.3 V		6		pF
NO ON capacitance	$C_{NO(ON)}$	V_{NO} = V_+ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	3.3 V		14		pF
COM ON capacitance	$C_{COM(ON)}$	V_{COM} = V_+ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	3.3 V		14		pF
Digital input capacitance	C_I	V_I = V_+ or GND,	See Figure 16	25°C	3.3 V		3		pF
Bandwidth	BW	R_L = 50 Ω, Switch ON,	See Figure 18	25°C	3.3 V		300		MHz
OFF isolation	O_{ISO}	R_L = 50 Ω, f = 10 MHz,	Switch OFF, See Figure 19	25°C	3.3 V		−68		dB
Crosstalk	X_{TALK}	R_L = 50 Ω, f = 10 MHz,	Switch ON, See Figure 20	25 °C	3.3 V		−66		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	R_L = 600 Ω, C_L = 50 pF,	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 22	25°C	3.3 V		0.065		%
Supply									
Positive supply current	I_+	V_I = V_+ or GND,	Switch ON or OFF	25°C	3.6 V		0.1	1	µA
				Full				5	

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

Electrical Characteristics for 2.5-V Supply(1)

V_+ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V, T_A = −40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Analog Switch									
Analog signal range	V_{COM}, V_{NO}					0			V
ON-state resistance	r_{on}	$0 \le V_{NO} \le V_+$, I_{COM} = −8 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	2.3 V	20	22	25	Ω
				Full				30	
ON-state resistance match between channels	Δr_{on}	V_{NO} =1.6 V, I_{COM} = −8 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	2.3 V	0.04	0.5	1.5	Ω
				Full		0.02		5	
ON-state resistance flatness	$r_{on(flat)}$	$0 \le V_{NO} \le V_+$, I_{COM} = −8 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	2.3 V	12	16	18	Ω
				Full		15		25	
NO OFF leakage current	$I_{NO(OFF)}$	V_{NO} = 0.5 V, V_{COM} = 2.2 V, or V_{NO} = 2.2 V, V_{COM} = 0.5 V,	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°C	2.7 V	−30	−5.5	30	nA
				Full		−40		40	
COM OFF leakage current	$I_{COM(OFF)}$	V_{COM} = 0.5 V, V_{NO} = 2.2 V, or V_{COM} = 2.2 V, V_{NO} = 0.5 V,	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°C	2.7 V	−50	−7.5	50	nA
				Full		−50		50	
NO ON leakage current	$I_{NO(ON)}$	V_{NO} = 0.5 V, V_{COM} = Open, or V_{NO} = 2.2 V, V_{COM} = Open,	Switch ON, See Figure 15	25°C	2.7 V	−40	−5	40	nA
				Full		−40		40	
COM ON leakage current	$I_{COM(ON)}$	V_{COM} = 0.5 V, V_{NO} = Open, or V_{COM} = 2.2 V, V_{NO} = Open,	Switch ON, See Figure 15	25°C	2.7 V	−70	−12	70	nA
				Full		−70		70	
Digital Control Input (IN)									
Input logic high	V_{IH}			Full		$V_+ \times 0.7$		5.5	V
Input logic low	V_{IL}			Full		0		$V_+ \times 0.3$	V
Input leakage current	I_{IH}, I_{IL}	V_I = 5.5 V or 0		25°C	2.7 V	−0.1	0.05	0.1	µA
				Full		−1		1	

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

Electrical Characteristics for 2.5-V Supply(1) (continued)

V_+ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V, T_A = −40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dynamic									
Turn-on time	t_{ON}	V_{COM} = 1.5 V, R_L = 300 Ω,	C_L = 35 pF, See Figure 17	25°C	2.5 V	5.7	6.4	8.1	ns
				Full	2.3 V to 2.7 V	4.4		8.5	
Turn-off time	t_{OFF}	V_{COM} = 1.5 V, R_L = 300 Ω,	C_L = 35 pF, See Figure 17	25°C	2.5 V	2.1	3.1	4.3	ns
				Full	2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.8		4.8	
Charge injection	Q_C	V_{GEN} = 0, R_{GEN} = 0,	C_L = 0.1 nF, See Figure 21	25°C	2.5 V		0.5		pC
NO OFF capacitance	$C_{NO(OFF)}$	V_{NO} = V_+ or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	2.5 V		6		pF
COM OFF capacitance	$C_{COM(OFF)}$	V_{COM} = V_+ or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	2.5 V		6		pF
NO ON capacitance	$C_{NO(ON)}$	V_{NO} = V_+ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	2.5 V		14		pF
COM ON capacitance	$C_{COM(ON)}$	V_{COM} = V_+ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	2.5 V		14		pF
Digital input capacitance	C_I	V_I = V_+ or GND,	See Figure 16	25°C	2.5 V		3		pF
Bandwidth	BW	R_L = 50 Ω, Switch ON,	See Figure 18	25°C	2.5 V		300		MHz
OFF isolation	O_{ISO}	R_L = 50 Ω, f = 10 MHz,	Switch OFF, See Figure 19	25°C	2.5 V		−68		dB
Crosstalk	X_{TALK}	R_L = 50 Ω, f = 10 MHz,	Switch ON, See Figure 20	25 °C	2.5 V		−66		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	R_L = 600 Ω, C_L = 50 pF,	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 22	25°C	2.5 V		0.35		%
Supply									
Positive supply current	I_+	V_I = V_+ or GND,	Switch ON or OFF	25°C	2.7 V		0.1	1	µA
				Full				5	

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

Electrical Characteristics for 1.8-V Supply(1)

V_+ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V, T_A = −40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Analog Switch									
Analog signal range	V_{COM}, V_{NO}					0		V_+	V
ON-state resistance	r_{on}	$0 \le V_{NO} \le V_+$, I_{COM} = −4 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	1.65 V	80	85	95	Ω
				Full		90		120	
ON-state resistance match between channels	Δr_{on}	V_{NO} = 1.15 V, I_{COM} = −4 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	1.65 V	0	0.9	2	Ω
				Full		0		6	
ON-state resistance flatness	$r_{on(flat)}$	$0 \le V_{NO} \le V_+$, I_{COM} = −4 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C	1.65 V	70	75	85	Ω
				Full		85		100	
NO OFF leakage current	$I_{NO(OFF)}$	V_{NO} = 0.3 V, V_{COM} = 1.65 V, or V_{NO} = 1.65 V, V_{COM} = 0.3 V,	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°C	1.95 V	−30	−6	30	µA
				Full		−40		40	
COM OFF leakage current	$I_{COM(OFF)}$	V_{COM} = 0.3 V, V_{NO} = 1.65 V, or V_{COM} = 1.65 V, V_{NO} = 0.3 V,	Switch OFF, See Figure 14	25°C	1.95 V	−50	−7	50	µA
				Full		−50		50	
NO ON leakage current	$I_{NO(ON)}$	V_{NO} = 0.3 V, V_{COM} = Open, or V_{NO} = 1.65 V, V_{COM} = Open,	Switch ON, See Figure 15	25°C	1.95 V	−40	7	40	µA
				Full		−40		40	
COM ON leakage current	$I_{COM(ON)}$	V_{COM} = 0.3 V, V_{NO} = Open, or V_{COM} = 1.65 V, V_{NO} = Open,	Switch ON, See Figure 15	25°C	1.95 V	−70	−8.5	70	µA
				Full		−70		70	
Digital Control Input (IN)									
Input logic high	V_{IH}			Full		$V_+ \times 0.65$		5.5	V
Input logic low	V_{IL}			Full		0		$V_+ \times 0.35$	V
Input leakage current	I_{IH}, I_{IL}	V_I = 5.5 V or 0		25°C	1.95 V	−0.1	0.05	0.1	µA
				Full		−1		1	

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

Electrical Characteristics for 1.8-V Supply(1) (continued)

V_+ = 1.65 V to 1.95 V, T_A = −40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dynamic									
Turn-on time	t_{ON}	V_{COM} = 1.3 V, R_L = 300 Ω,	C_L = 35 pF, See Figure 17	25°C	1.8 V	9.3	10.4	11.5	ns
				Full	1.65 V to 1.95 V	6.8		12.9	
Turn-off time	t_{OFF}	V_{COM} = 1.3 V, R_L = 300 Ω,	C_L = 35 pF, See Figure 17	25°C	1.8 V	3.3	4.3	5.2	ns
				Full	1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.4		6.5	
Charge injection	Q_C	V_{GEN} = 0, R_{GEN} = 0,	C_L = 0.1 nF, See Figure 21	25°C	1.8 V		0.5		pC
NO OFF capacitance	$C_{NO(OFF)}$	V_{NO} = V_+ or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	1.8 V		6		pF
COM OFF capacitance	$C_{COM(OFF)}$	V_{COM} = V_+ or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	1.8 V		6		pF
NO ON capacitance	$C_{NO(ON)}$	V_{NO} = V_+ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	1.8 V		14.5		pF
COM ON capacitance	$C_{COM(ON)}$	V_{COM} = V_+ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	1.8 V		14.5		pF
Digital input capacitance	C_I	V_I = V_+ or GND,	See Figure 16	25°C	1.8 V		3		pF
Bandwidth	BW	R_L = 50 Ω, Switch ON,	See Figure 18	25°C	1.8 V		293		MHz
OFF isolation	O_{ISO}	R_L = 50 Ω, f = 10 MHz,	Switch OFF, See Figure 19	25°C	1.8 V		−68		dB
Crosstalk	X_{TALK}	R_L = 50 Ω, f = 10 MHz,	Switch ON, See Figure 20	25 °C	1.8 V		−66		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	R_L = 10 kΩ, C_L = 50 pF,	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 22	25°C	1.8 V		2.7		%
Supply									
Positive supply current	I_+	V_I = V_+ or GND,	Switch ON or OFF	25°C	1.95 V		0.1	1	µA
				Full				5	

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE

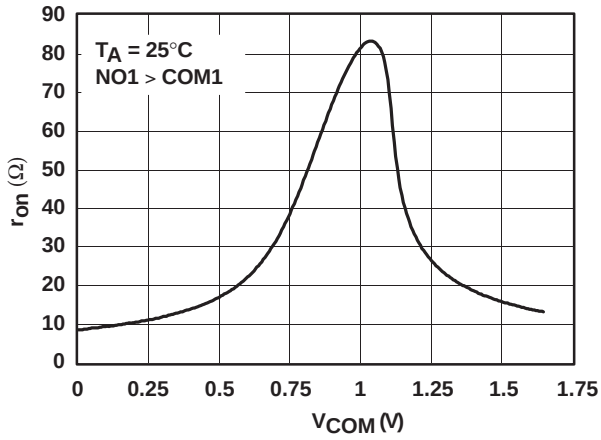


Figure 1A. r_{on} vs V_{COM} (V_+ = 1.65 V)

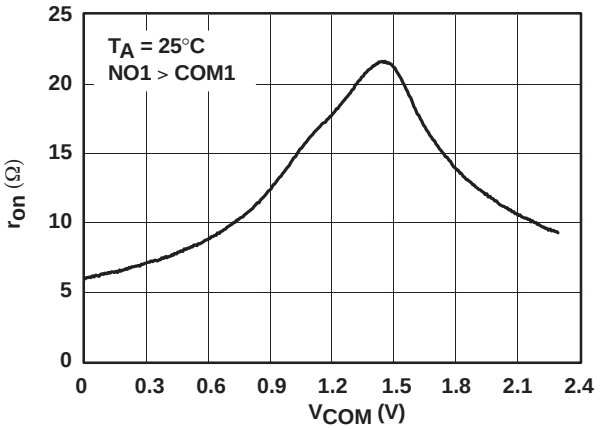


Figure 1B. r_{on} vs V_{COM} (V_+ = 2.3 V)

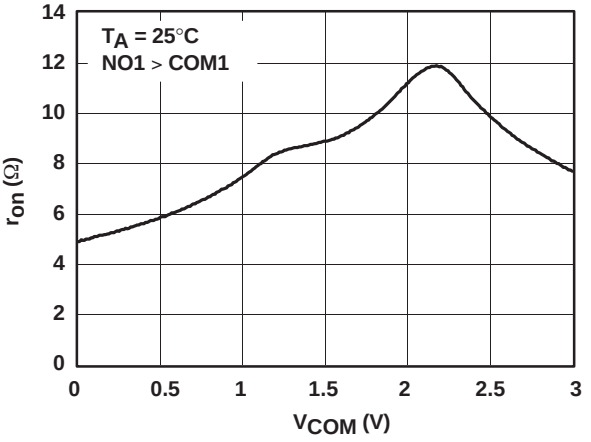


Figure 1C. r_{on} vs V_{COM} (V_+ = 3 V)

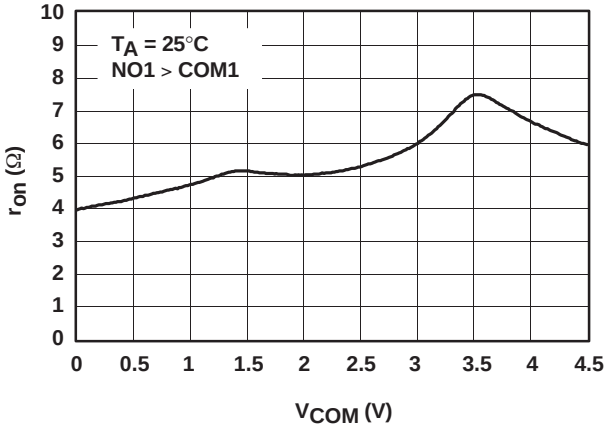


Figure 1D. r_{on} vs V_{COM} (V_+ = 4.5 V)

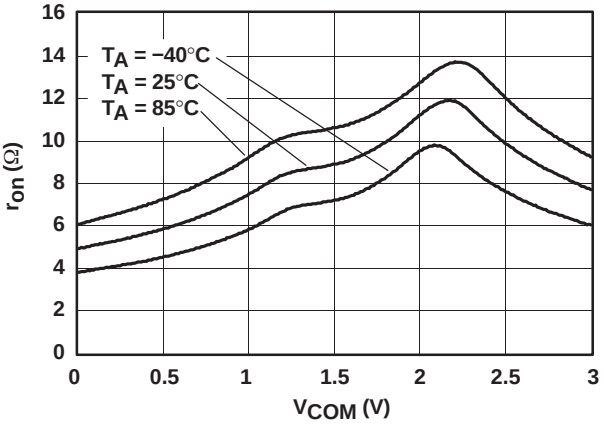


Figure 2. r_{on} vs V_{COM} (V_+ = 3 V)

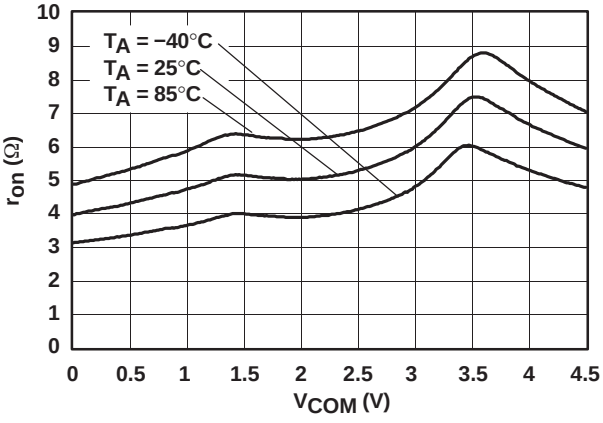


Figure 3. r_{on} vs V_{COM} (V_+ = 4.5 V)

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE

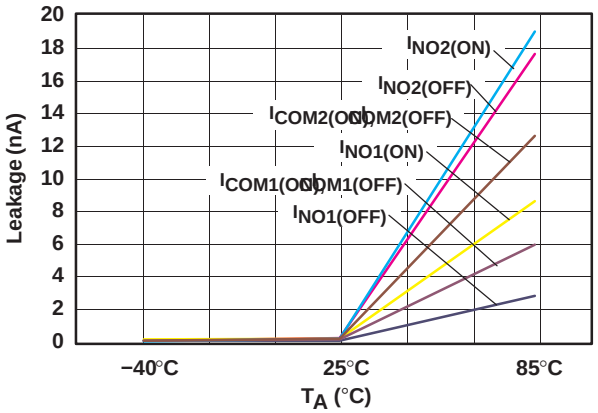


Figure 4. Leakage Current vs Temperature

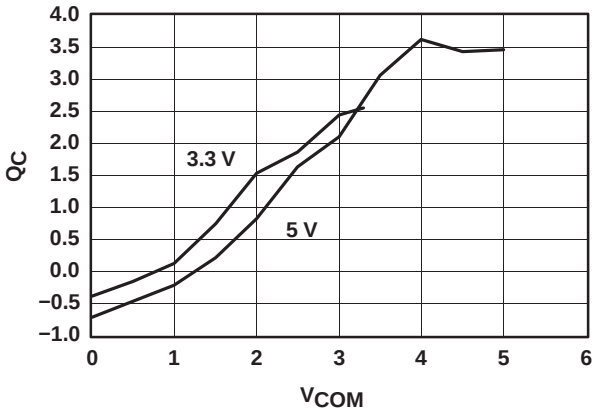


Figure 5. Charge Injection (Q_C) vs V_{COM}

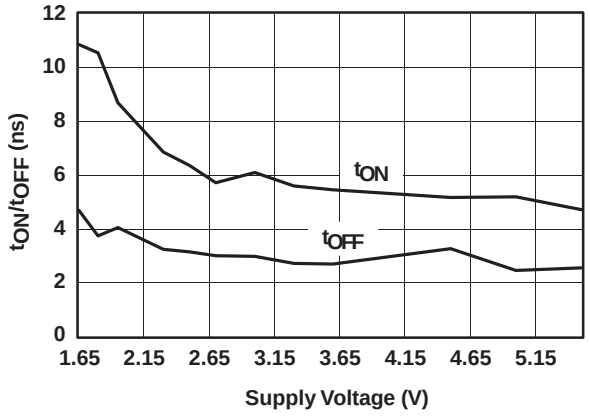


Figure 6. t_{ON} and t_{OFF} vs V_+

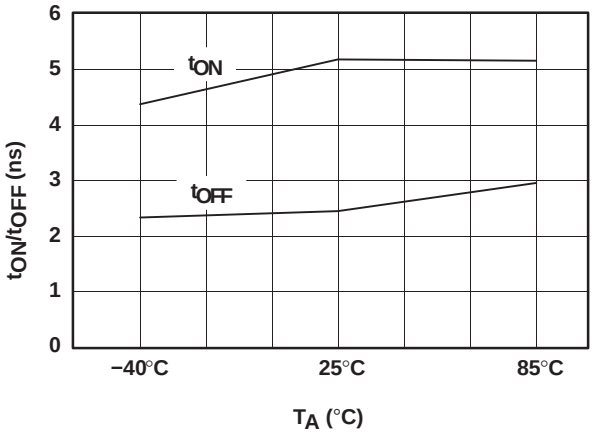


Figure 7. t_{ON} and t_{OFF} vs Temperature (V_+ = 5 V)

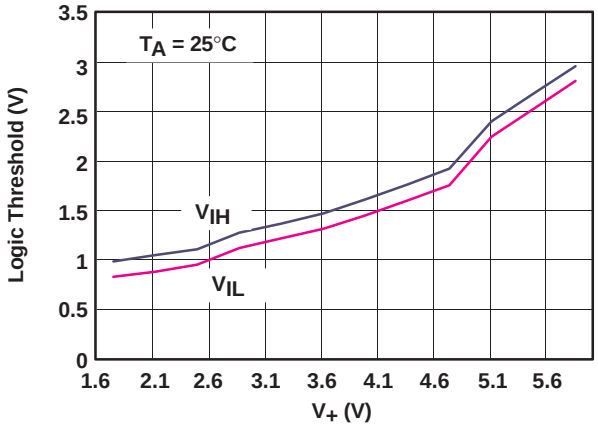


Figure 8. Logic Threshold vs V_+

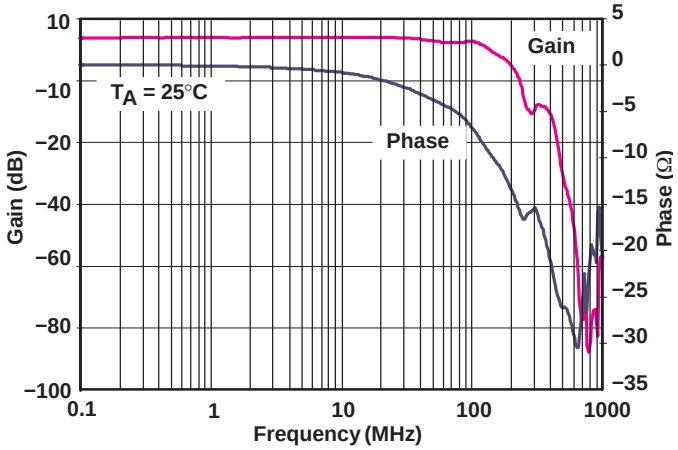


Figure 9. Bandwidth (V_+ = 5 V)

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE

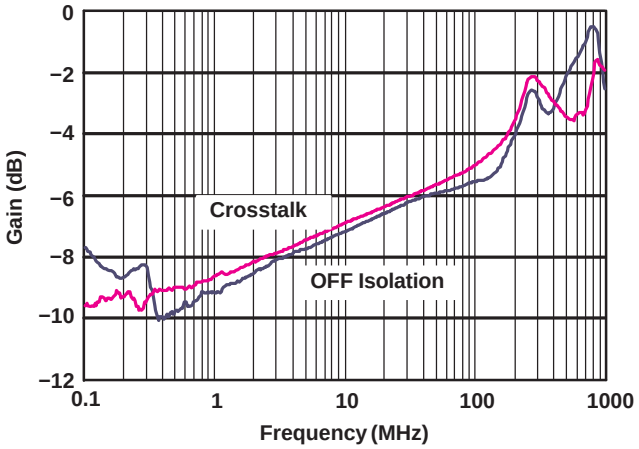


Figure 10. OFF Isolation and Crosstalk (V_+ = 5 V)

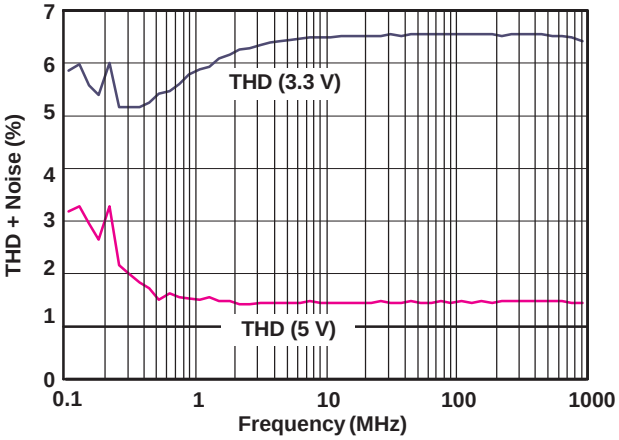


Figure 11. Total Harmonic Distortion vs Frequency

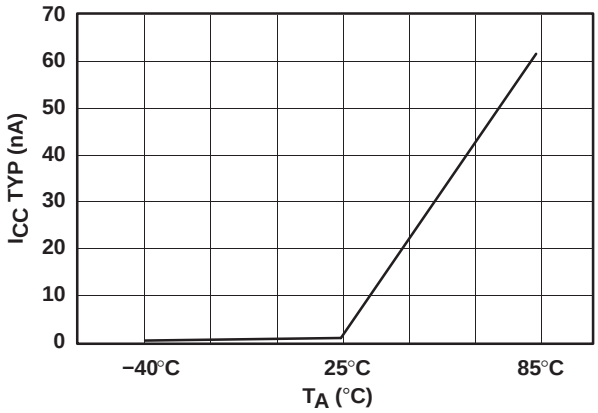


Figure 12. Power-Supply Current vs Temperature (V_+ = 5 V)

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	NAME	DESCRIPTION
1	NO1	Normally open
2	COM1	Common
3	IN2	Digital control to connect COM to NO
4	GND	Digital ground
5	NO2	Normally open
6	COM2	Common
7	IN1	Digital control to connect COM to NO
8	V_+	Power supply

PARAMETER DESCRIPTION

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
V_{COM}	Voltage at COM
V_{NO}	Voltage at NO
r_{on}	Resistance between COM and NO ports when the channel is ON
Δr_{on}	Difference of r_{on} between channels in a specific device
$r_{on(flat)}$	Difference between the maximum and minimum value of r_{on} in a channel over the specified range of conditions
$I_{NO(OFF)}$	Leakage current measured at the NO port, with the corresponding channel (NO to COM) in the OFF state
$I_{NO(ON)}$	Leakage current measured at the NO port, with the corresponding channel (NO to COM) in the ON state and the output (COM) open
$I_{COM(OFF)}$	Leakage current measured at the COM port, with the corresponding channel (COM to NO) in the OFF state
$I_{COM(ON)}$	Leakage current measured at the COM port, with the corresponding channel (COM to NO) in the ON state and the output (NO) open
V_{IH}	Minimum input voltage for logic high for the control input (IN)
V_{IL}	Maximum input voltage for logic low for the control input (IN)
V_I	Voltage at the control input (IN)
I_{IH}, I_{IL}	Leakage current measured at the control input (IN)
t_{ON}	Turn-on time for the switch. This parameter is measured under the specified range of conditions and by the propagation delay between the digital control (IN) signal and analog output (COM or NO) signal when the switch is turning ON.
t_{OFF}	Turn-off time for the switch. This parameter is measured under the specified range of conditions and by the propagation delay between the digital control (IN) signal and analog output (COM or NO) signal when the switch is turning OFF.
Q_C	Charge injection is a measurement of unwanted signal coupling from the control (IN) input to the analog (NO or COM) output. This is measured in coulomb (C) and measured by the total charge induced due to switching of the control input. Charge injection, $Q_C = C_L \times \Delta V_{COM}$, C_L is the load capacitance and ΔV_{COM} is the change in analog output voltage
$C_{NO(OFF)}$	Capacitance at the NO port when the corresponding channel (NO to COM) is OFF
$C_{NO(ON)}$	Capacitance at the NO port when the corresponding channel (NO to COM) is ON
$C_{COM(OFF)}$	Capacitance at the COM port when the corresponding channel (COM to NO) is OFF
$C_{COM(ON)}$	Capacitance at the COM port when the corresponding channel (COM to NO) is ON
C_I	Capacitance of control input (IN)
O_{ISO}	OFF isolation of the switch is a measurement of OFF-state switch impedance. This is measured in dB in a specific frequency, with the corresponding channel (NO to COM) in the OFF state.
X_{TALK}	Crosstalk is a measurement of unwanted signal coupling from an ON channel to an adjacent ON channel (NC1 to NC2). This is measured in a specific frequency and in dB.
BW	Bandwidth of the switch. This is the frequency in which the gain of an ON channel is −3 dB below the DC gain.
THD	Total harmonic distortion describes the signal distortion caused by the analog switch. This is defined as the ratio of root mean square (RMS) value of the second, third, and higher harmonic to the absolute magnitude of the fundamental harmonic.
I_+	Static power-supply current with the control (IN) pin at V_+ or GND

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

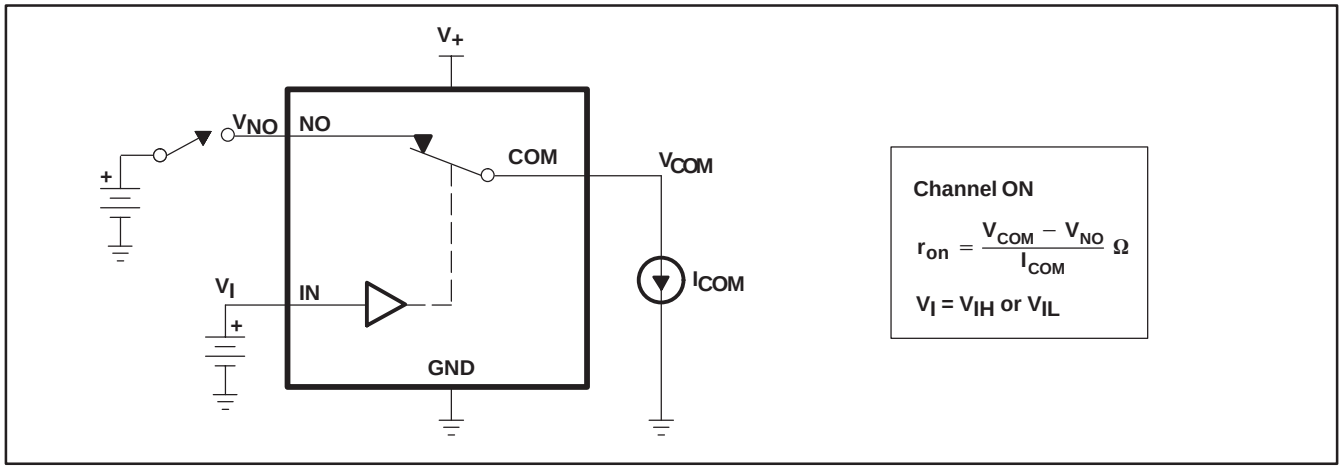


Figure 13. ON-State Resistance (r_{on})

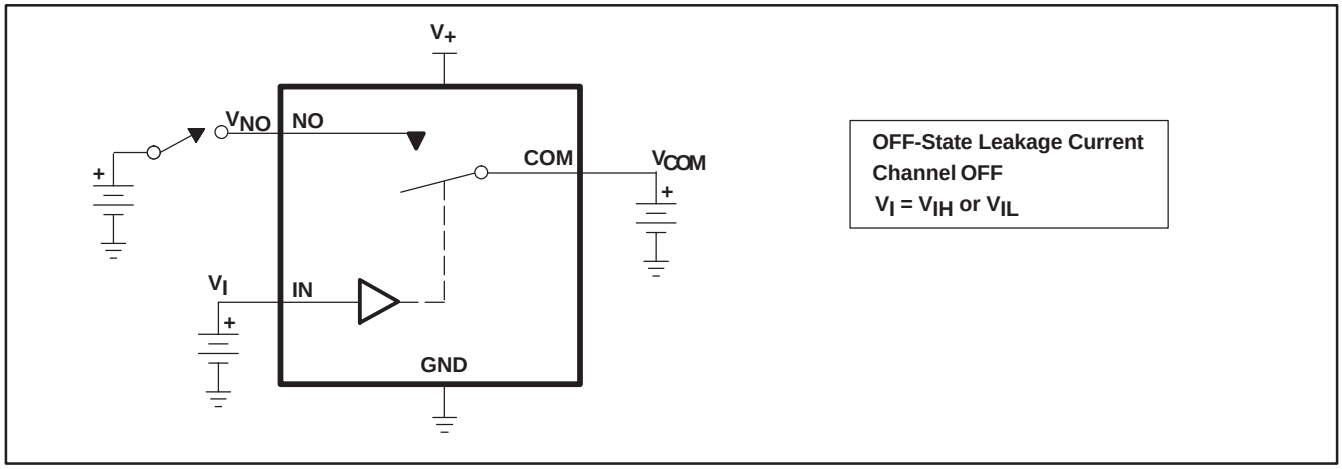


Figure 14. OFF-State Leakage Current ($I_{COM(OFF)}$, $I_{NO(OFF)}$)

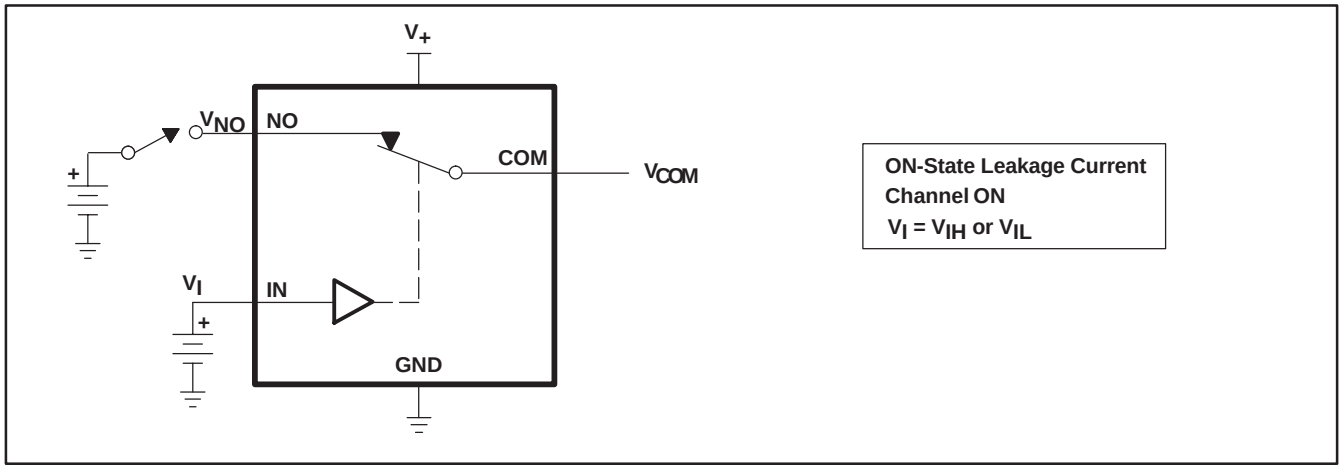


Figure 15. ON-State Leakage Current ($I_{COM(ON)}$, $I_{NO(ON)}$)

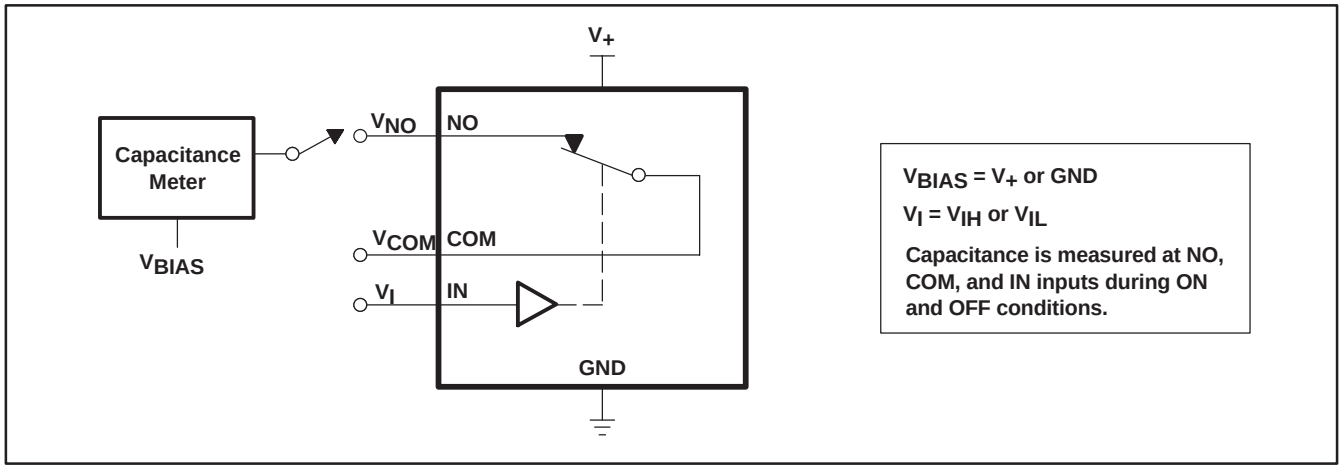
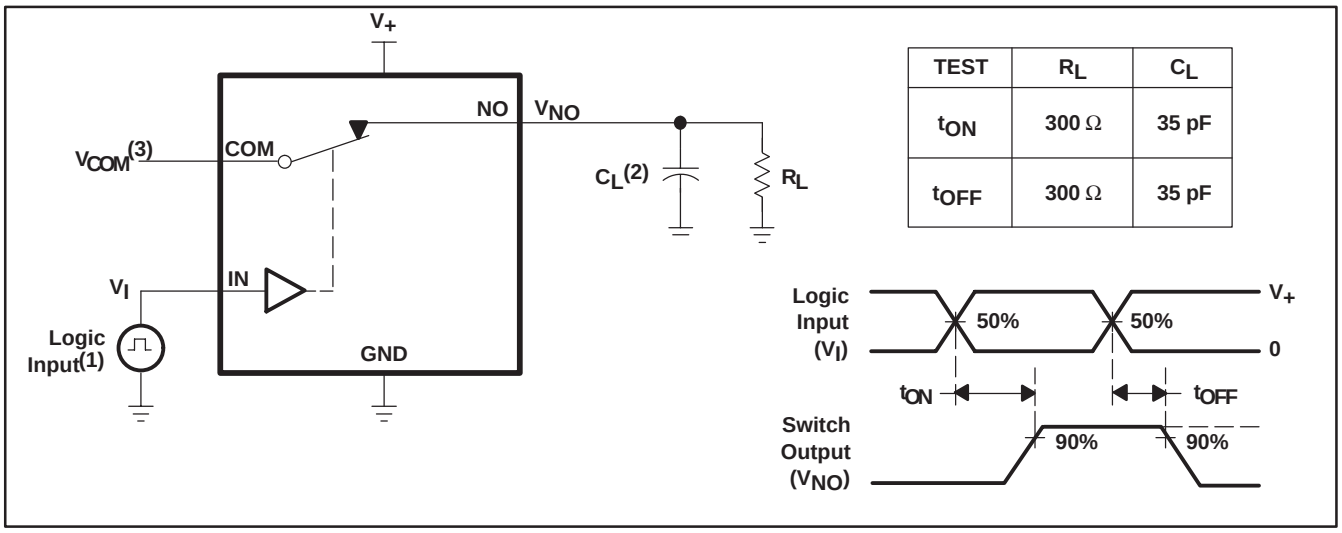


Figure 16. Capacitance (C_I, $C_{COM(OFF)}$, $C_{COM(ON)}$, $C_{NO(OFF)}$, $C_{NO(ON)}$)



(1) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 10 MHz, Z_O = 50 Ω, t_r < 5 ns, t_f < 5 ns.
(2) C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
(3) See Electrical Characteristics for V_{COM}.

Figure 17. Turn-On (t_{ON}) and Turn-Off Time (t_{OFF})

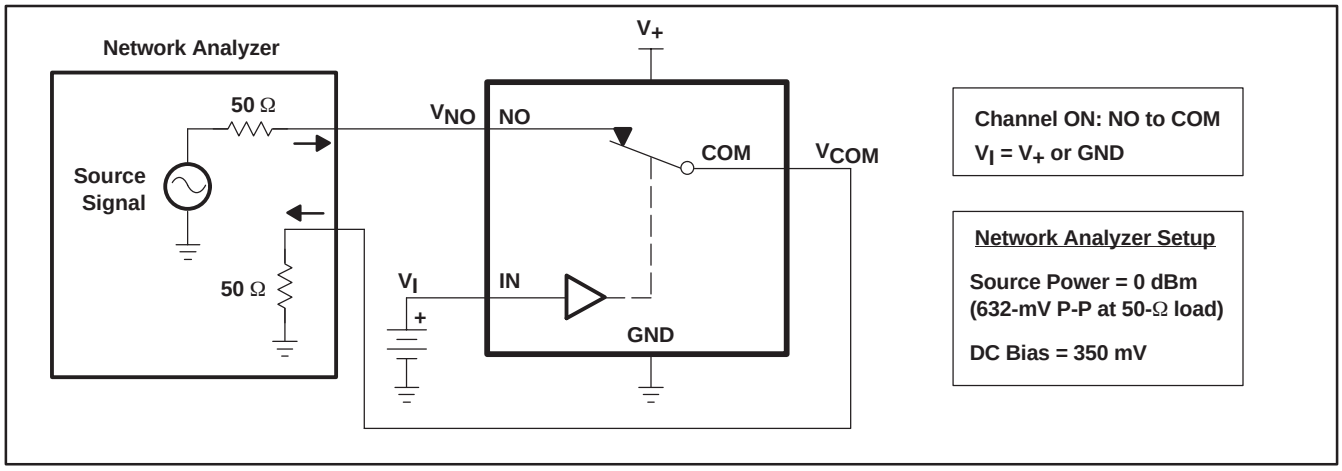


Figure 18. Bandwidth (BW)

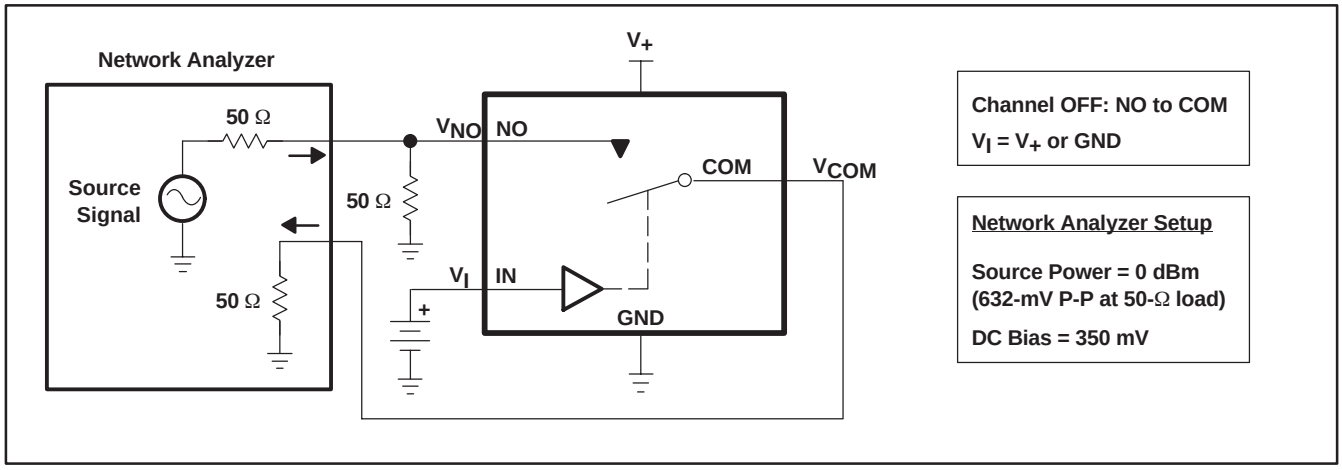


Figure 19. OFF Isolation (O_{ISO})

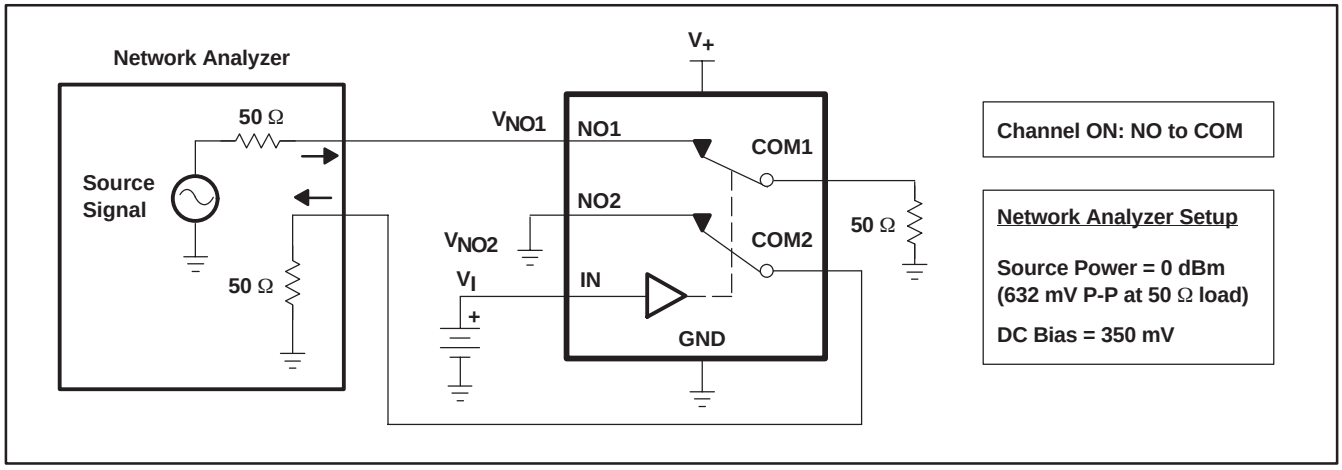
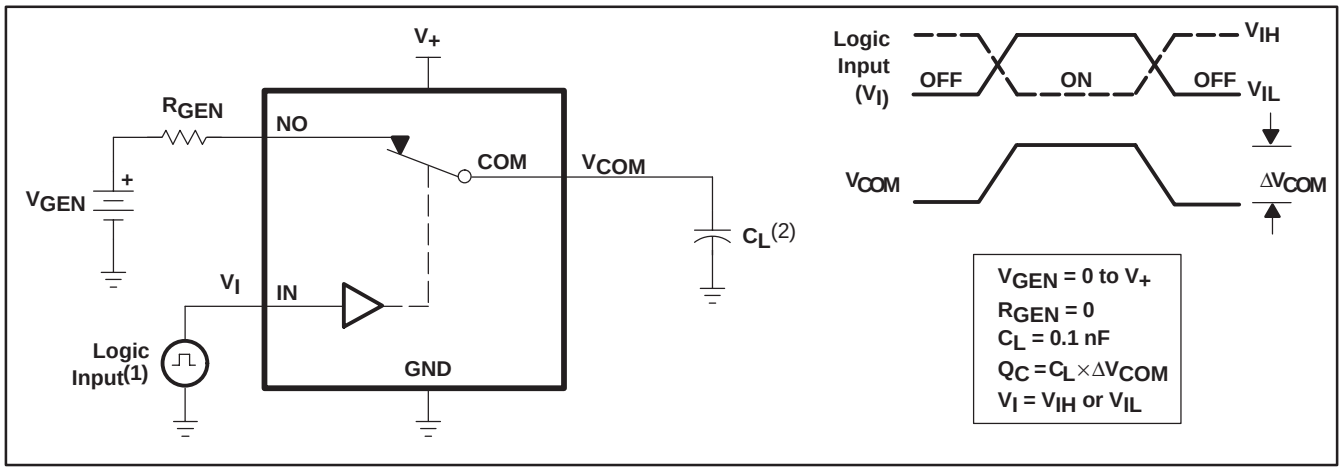
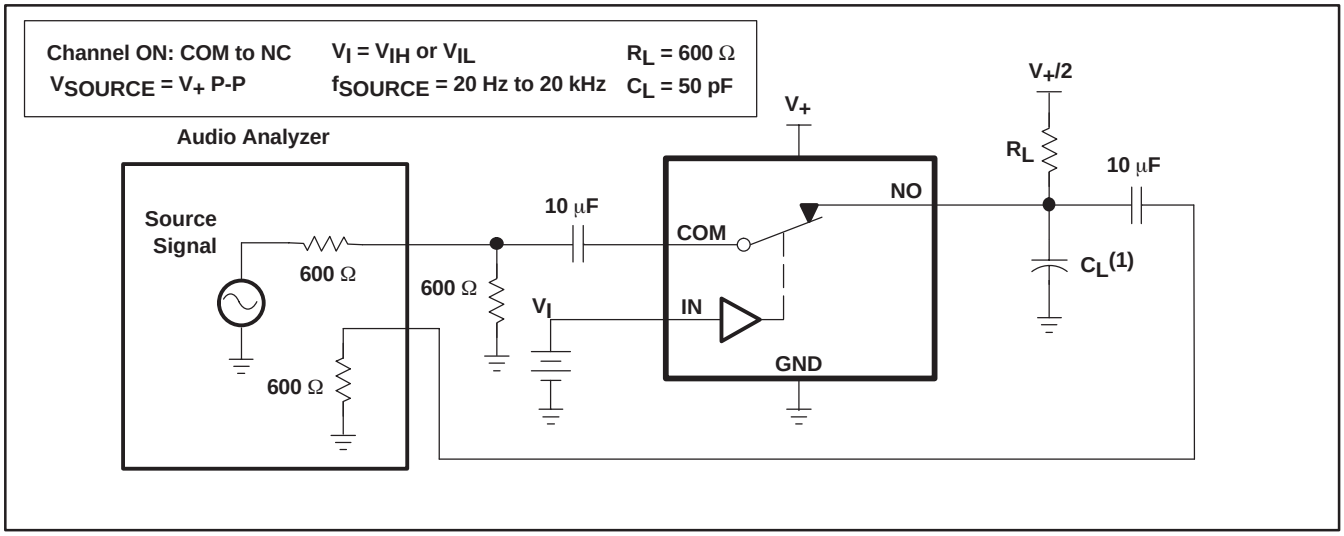


Figure 20. Crosstalk (X_{TALK})



(1) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 10 MHz, Z_O = 50 Ω, t_r < 5 ns, t_f < 5 ns.
(2) C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 21. Charge Injection (Q_C)

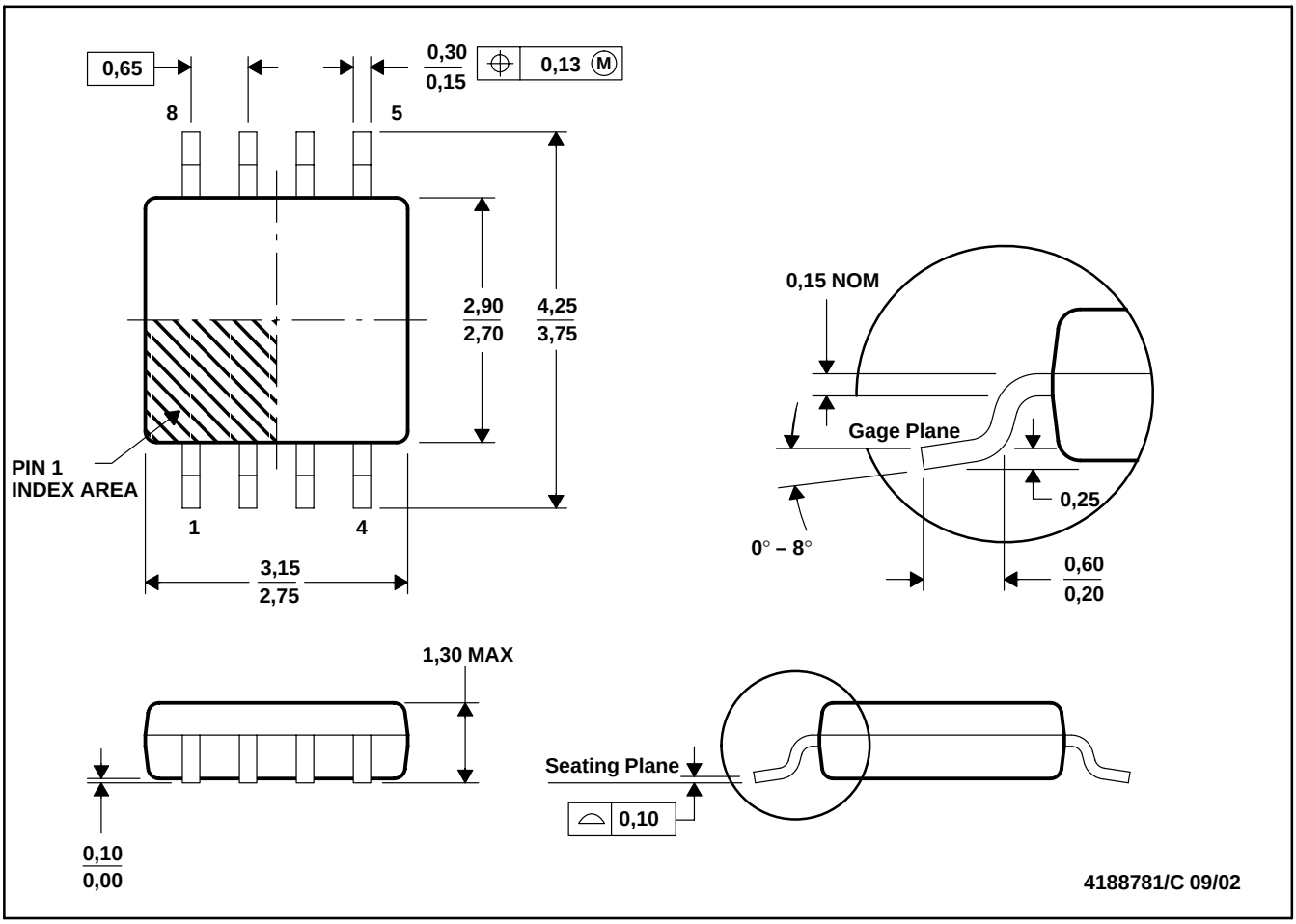


(1) C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 22. Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)

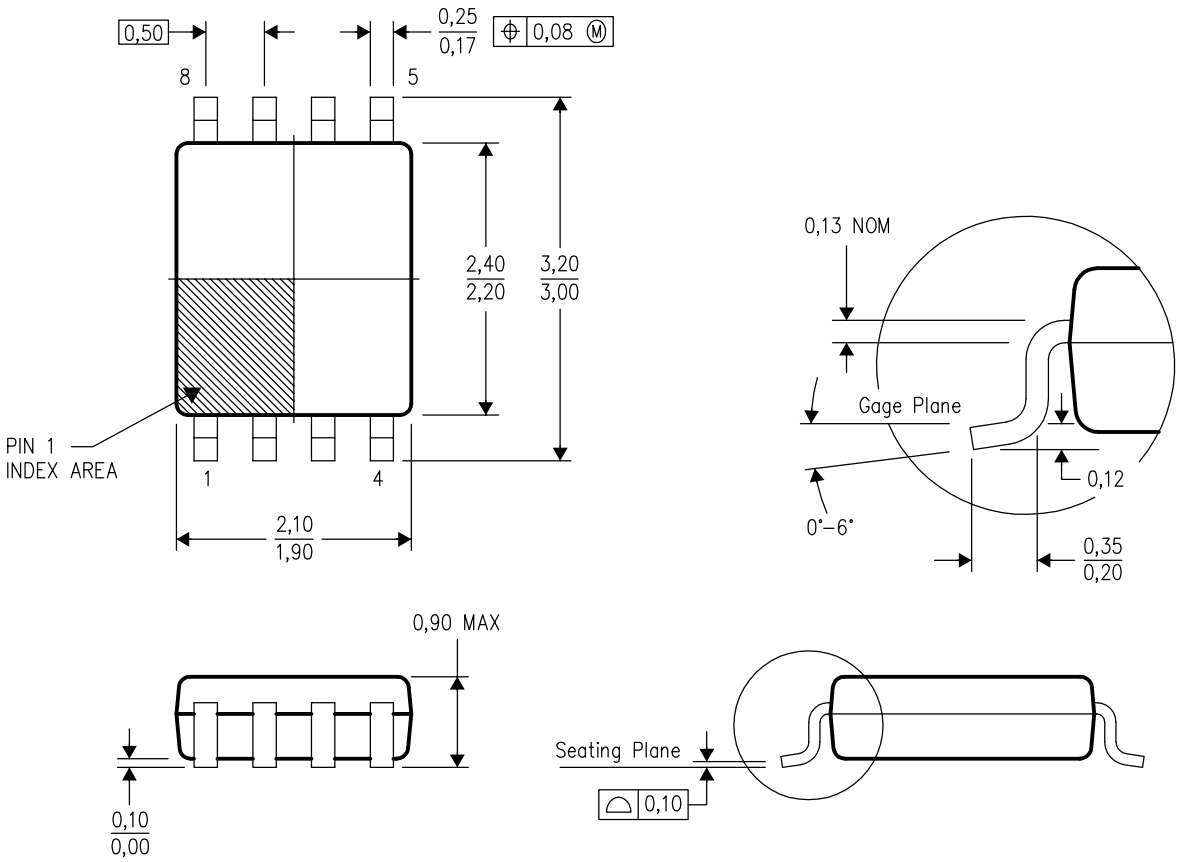
MPDS049B – MAY 1999 – REVISED OCTOBER 2002

DCT (R-PDSO-G8) **PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE**



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion
D. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation DA.

DCU (R–PDSO–G8) PLASTIC SMALL–OUTLINE PACKAGE (DIE DOWN)



4200503/E 05/03

NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.
D. Falls within JEDEC MO–187 variation CA.

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