

# TPS78915, TPS78918, TPS78925, TPS78928, TPS78930 ULTRALOW-POWER LOW-NOISE 100-mA LOW-DROPOUT LINEAR REGULATORS

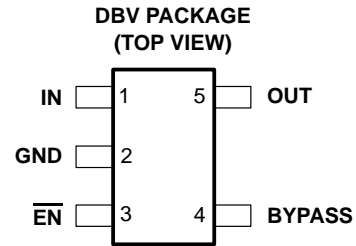
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- 100-mA Low-Dropout Regulator
- Available in 1.5-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 2.8-V, 3.0-V
- Output Noise Typically 56  $\mu\text{V}_{\text{RMS}}$  (TPS78930)
- Only 17  $\mu\text{A}$  Quiescent Current at 100 mA
- 1  $\mu\text{A}$  Quiescent Current in Standby Mode
- Dropout Voltage Typically 115 mV at 100 mA (TPS78930)
- Over Current Limitation
- $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$  Operating Junction Temperature Range
- 5-Pin SOT-23 (DBV) Package

## description

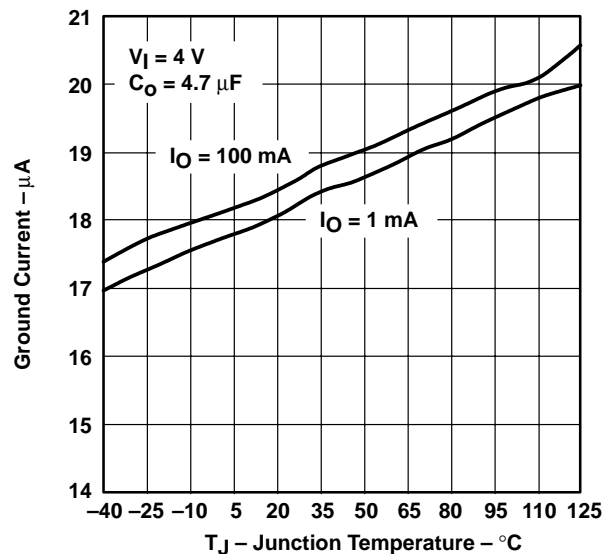
The TPS789xx family of low-dropout (LDO) voltage regulators offers the benefits of low-dropout voltage, ultralow-power operation, low-output noise, and miniaturized packaging. These regulators feature low-dropout voltages and ultralow quiescent current compared to conventional LDO regulators. An internal resistor, in conjunction with an external bypass capacitor, creates a low-pass filter to reduce the noise. The TPS78930 exhibits only 56  $\mu\text{V}_{\text{RMS}}$  of output voltage noise using 0.01  $\mu\text{F}$  bypass and 10  $\mu\text{F}$  output capacitors. Offered in a 5-terminal small outline integrated-circuit SOT-23 package, the TPS789xx series devices are ideal for micropower operations, low output noise, and where board space is limited.

The usual PNP pass transistor has been replaced by a PMOS pass element. Because the PMOS pass element behaves as a low-value resistor, the dropout voltage is very low, typically 115 mV at 100 mA of load current (TPS78930), and is directly proportional to the load current. The quiescent current is ultralow (17  $\mu\text{A}$  typically) and is stable over the entire range of output load current (0 mA to 100 mA). Intended for use in portable systems such as laptops and cellular phones, the ultralow-dropout voltage feature and ultralow-power operation result in a significant increase in system battery operating life.



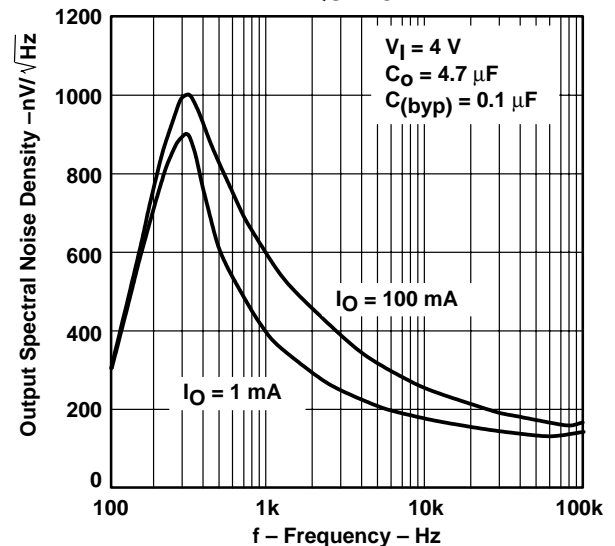
TPS78930  
GROUND CURRENT

vs  
JUNCTION TEMPERATURE



TPS78930  
OUTPUT SPECTRAL NOISE DENSITY

vs  
FREQUENCY



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 **TEXAS  
INSTRUMENTS**

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# TPS78915, TPS78918, TPS78925, TPS78928, TPS78930 ULTRALOW-POWER LOW-NOISE 100-mA LOW-DROPOUT LINEAR REGULATORS

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## description (continued)

The TPS789xx also features a logic-enabled sleep mode to shut down the regulator, reducing quiescent current to 1  $\mu$ A typical at  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ . The TPS789xx is offered in 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 2.8 V, and 3.0 V.

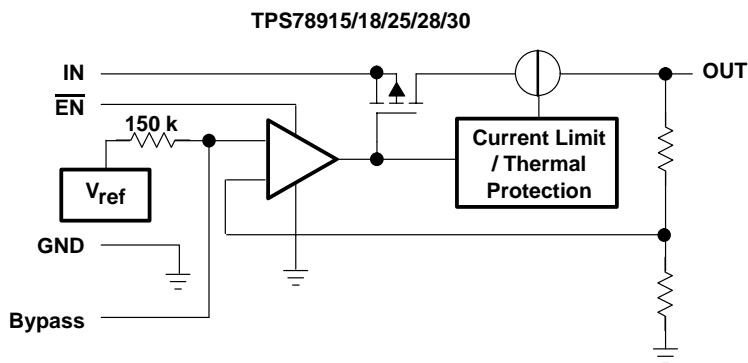
### AVAILABLE OPTIONS

$T_J$	VOLTAGE	PACKAGE	PART NUMBER		SYMBOL
-40°C to 125°C	1.5 V	SOT-23 (DBV)	TPS78915DBVT†	TPS78915DBVR‡	PDWI
	1.8 V		TPS78918DBVT†	TPS78918DBVR‡	PDXI
	2.5 V		TPS78925DBVT†	TPS78925DBVR‡	PDYI
	2.8 V		TPS78928DBVT†	TPS78928DBVR‡	PDZI
	3.0 V		TPS78930DBVT†	TPS78930DBVR‡	PEAI

† The DBVT indicates tape and reel of 250 parts.

‡ The DBVR indicates tape and reel of 3000 parts.

## functional block diagram



### Terminal Functions

TERMINAL NAME	NO.	I/O	DESCRIPTION
BYPASS	4	I	The external bypass capacitor, in conjunction with an internal resistor, creates a low-pass filter to further reduce regulator noise.
EN	3	I	Active low enable.
GND	2		Regulator ground
IN	1	I	The IN terminal is the input to the device.
OUT	5	O	The OUT terminal is the regulated output of the device.

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## detail description

The TPS789xx uses a PMOS pass element to dramatically reduce both dropout voltage and supply current over more conventional PNP-pass-element LDO designs. The PMOS pass element is a voltage-controlled device and, unlike a PNP transistor, it does not require increased drive current as output current increases. Supply current in the TPS789xx is essentially constant from no load to maximum load.

The TPS789xx family of low-dropout (LDO) regulators have been optimized for use in battery-operated equipment. They feature extremely low dropout voltages, low output noise, low quiescent current (17  $\mu$ A typically), and enable inputs to reduce supply currents to 1  $\mu$ A when the regulators are turned off.

The internal voltage reference is a key source of noise in a LDO regulator. The TPS789xx has a BYPASS pin which is connected to the voltage reference through a 150-k $\Omega$  internal resistor. The 150-k $\Omega$  internal resistor, in conjunction with an external bypass capacitor connected to the BYPASS pin, creates a low pass filter to reduce the voltage reference noise and, therefore, the noise at the regulator output. Note that the output will start up slower as the bypass capacitance increases due to the RC time constant at the bypass pin that is created by the internal 150-k $\Omega$  resistor and external capacitor.

Current limiting and thermal protection prevent damage by excessive output current and/or power dissipation. The device switches into a constant-current mode at approximately 350 mA; further load reduces the output voltage instead of increasing the output current. The thermal protection shuts the regulator off if the junction temperature rises above approximately 165°C. Recovery is automatic when the junction temperature drops approximately 25°C below the high temperature trip point. The PMOS pass element includes a back gate diode that conducts reverse current when the input voltage level drops below the output voltage level.

A voltage of 1.7 V or greater on the  $\overline{EN}$  input will disable the TPS789xx internal circuitry, reducing the supply current to 1  $\mu$ A. A voltage of less than 0.9 V on the  $\overline{EN}$  input will enable the TPS789xx and will enable normal operation to resume. The  $\overline{EN}$  input does not include any deliberate hysteresis, and it exhibits an actual switching threshold of approximately 1.5 V.

## absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>†</sup>

Input voltage range (see Note 1)	–0.3 V to 13.5 V
Voltage range at $\overline{EN}$	–0.3 V to $V_I + 0.3$ V
Voltage on OUT	7 V
Peak output current	Internally limited
ESD rating, HBM	2 kV
Continuous total power dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating virtual junction temperature range, $T_J$	–40°C to 150°C
Storage temperature range, $T_{stg}$	–65°C to 150°C

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE 1: All voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

**DISSIPATION RATING TABLE**

BOARD	PACKAGE	$R_{\theta JC}$	$R_{\theta JA}$	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING
Low K <sup>‡</sup>	DBV	65.8 °C/W	259 °C/W	3.9 mW/°C	386 mW	212 mW	154 mW
High K <sup>§</sup>	DBV	65.8 °C/W	180 °C/W	5.6 mW/°C	555 mW	305 mW	222 mW

<sup>‡</sup> The JEDEC Low K (1s) board design used to derive this data was a 3 inch x 3 inch, two layer board with 2 ounce copper traces on top of the board.

<sup>§</sup> The JEDEC High K (2s2p) board design used to derive this data was a 3 inch x 3 inch, multilayer board with 1 ounce internal power and ground planes and 2 ounce copper traces on top and bottom of the board.



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**recommended operating conditions**

	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Input voltage, $V_I$ (see Note 2)	2.7		10	V
Continuous output current, $I_O$ (see Note 3)	0		100	mA
Operating junction temperature, $T_J$	-40		125	°C

NOTES: 2. To calculate the minimum input voltage for your maximum output current, use the following formula:

$$V_{I(\min)} = V_{O(\max)} + V_{DO}(\text{max load})$$

3. Continuous output current and operating junction temperature are limited by internal protection circuitry, but it is not recommended that the device operate under conditions beyond those specified in this table for extended periods of time.

**electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range,**  
 $V_I = V_{O(\text{typ})} + 1 \text{ V}$ ,  $I_O = 1 \text{ mA}$ ,  $\overline{EN} = 0 \text{ V}$ ,  $C_O = 4.7 \mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT		
Output voltage (see Note 4)	TPS78915	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $2.7 \text{ V} < V_I < 10 \text{ V}$		1.5		V		
		$T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$ , $2.7 \text{ V} < V_I < 10 \text{ V}$	1.455		1.545			
	TPS78918	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $2.8 \text{ V} < V_I < 10 \text{ V}$		1.8				
		$T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$ , $2.8 \text{ V} < V_I < 10 \text{ V}$	1.746		1.854			
	TPS78925	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $3.5 \text{ V} < V_I < 10 \text{ V}$		2.5				
		$T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$ , $3.5 \text{ V} < V_I < 10 \text{ V}$	2.425		2.575			
	TPS78928	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $3.8 \text{ V} < V_I < 10 \text{ V}$		2.8				
		$T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$ , $3.8 \text{ V} < V_I < 10 \text{ V}$	2.716		2.884			
	TPS78930	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $4.0 \text{ V} < V_I < 10 \text{ V}$		3				
		$T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$ , $4.0 \text{ V} < V_I < 10 \text{ V}$	2.910		3.090			
	Quiescent current (GND current) (see Notes 4 and 5)		$\overline{EN} = 0 \text{ V}$ , $10 \mu\text{A} < I_O < 100 \text{ mA}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		17			$\mu\text{A}$
			$\overline{EN} = 0 \text{ V}$ , $I_O = 100 \text{ mA}$ , $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$				28	
Load regulation		$\overline{EN} = 0 \text{ V}$ , $I_O = \text{See Note 4}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		12		mV		
Output voltage line regulation ( $\Delta V_O/V_O$ ) (see Note 5)		$V_O + 1 \text{ V} < V_I \leq 10 \text{ V}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , See Note 4		0.04		%V		
		$V_O + 1 \text{ V} < V_I \leq 10 \text{ V}$ , $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$ , See Note 4			0.1			
Output noise voltage (TPS78930)		BW = 300 Hz to 50 kHz, $C_{(\text{byp})} = 0.01 \mu\text{F}$ , $C_O = 10 \mu\text{F}$ , $I_O = 100 \text{ mA}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		56		$\mu\text{VRMS}$		
Output current limit		$V_O = 0 \text{ V}$ , See Note 4		350	750	mA		
Standby current		$\overline{EN} = V_I$ , $2.7 < V_I < 10 \text{ V}$		1		$\mu\text{A}$		
		$T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$			2	$\mu\text{A}$		

NOTES: 4. The minimum IN operating voltage is 2.7 V or  $V_{O(\text{typ})} + 1 \text{ V}$ , whichever is greater. The maximum IN voltage is 10 V. The minimum output current is 10  $\mu\text{A}$  and the maximum output current is 100 mA.

5. If  $V_O \leq 1.8 \text{ V}$  then  $V_{I\min} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{I\max} = 10 \text{ V}$ :

$$\text{Line Reg. (mV)} = (\%/V) \times \frac{V_O(V_{I\max} - 2.7 \text{ V})}{100} \times 1000$$

If  $V_O \geq 2.5 \text{ V}$  then  $V_{I\min} = V_O + 1 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{I\max} = 10 \text{ V}$ :

$$\text{Line Reg. (mV)} = (\%/V) \times \frac{V_O(V_{I\max} - (V_O + 1 \text{ V}))}{100} \times 1000$$



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**electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range,**  
 $V_I = V_{O(\text{typ})} + 1 \text{ V}$ ,  $I_O = 1 \text{ mA}$ ,  $\overline{EN} = 0 \text{ V}$ ,  $C_O = 4.7 \mu\text{F}$  (unless otherwise noted) (continued)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
High level enable input voltage		$2.7 \text{ V} < V_I < 10 \text{ V}$	1.7			V
Low level enable input voltage		$2.7 \text{ V} < V_I < 10 \text{ V}$			0.9	V
Power supply ripple rejection (TPS78930)		$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $C_O = 10 \mu\text{F}$ , $C(\text{byp}) = 0.01 \mu\text{F}$		85		dB
Input current (EN)		$\overline{EN} = 0 \text{ V}$	-1	0	1	$\mu\text{A}$
		$\overline{EN} = V_I$	-1		1	$\mu\text{A}$
Dropout voltage (see Note 6)	TPS78928	$I_O = 50 \text{ mA}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		60		mV
		$I_O = 50 \text{ mA}$ , $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C to } 125^\circ\text{C}$			125	
		$I_O = 100 \text{ mA}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		122		
		$I_O = 100 \text{ mA}$ , $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C to } 125^\circ\text{C}$			245	
	TPS78930	$I_O = 50 \text{ mA}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		57		
		$I_O = 50 \text{ mA}$ , $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C to } 125^\circ\text{C}$			115	
		$I_O = 100 \text{ mA}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		115		
		$I_O = 100 \text{ mA}$ , $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C to } 125^\circ\text{C}$			230	

NOTE 6.  $I_N$  voltage equals  $V_{O(\text{typ})} - 100 \text{ mV}$ ; The TPS78930 output voltage is set to 2.9 V. The TPS78915, TPS78918, and TPS78925 dropout voltage is limited by the input voltage range limitations.

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### Table of Graphs

			FIGURE
$V_O$	Output voltage	vs Output current	1, 2, 3
		vs Junction temperature	4, 5, 6
	Ground current	vs Junction temperature	7
	Output spectral noise density	vs Frequency	8 – 10
	Root mean squared output noise	vs Bypass capacitance	11
$Z_o$	Output impedance	vs Frequency	12
$V_{DO}$	Dropout voltage	vs Junction temperature	13
		Ripple rejection	vs Frequency
$V_O$	Output voltage, enable voltage	vs Time (start-up)	17 – 19
		Line transient response	20, 22
	Load transient response		21, 23
	Equivalent series resistance (ESR)	vs Output current	24, 25

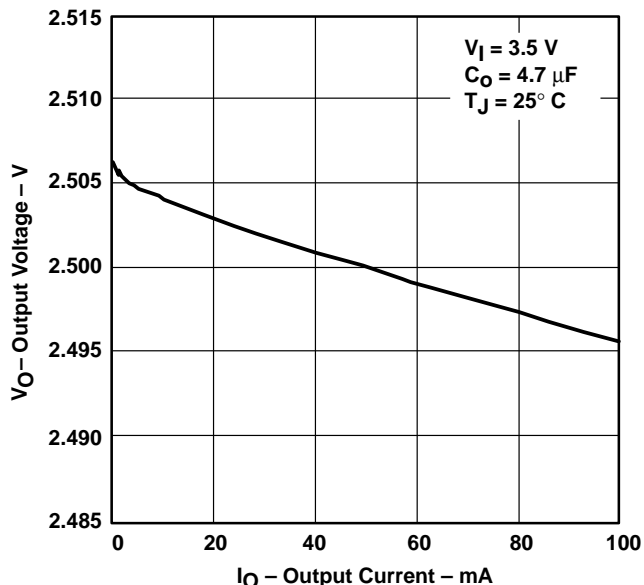


**TPS78915, TPS78918, TPS78925, TPS78928, TPS78930**  
**ULTRALOW-POWER LOW-NOISE 100-mA**  
**LOW-DROPOUT LINEAR REGULATORS**

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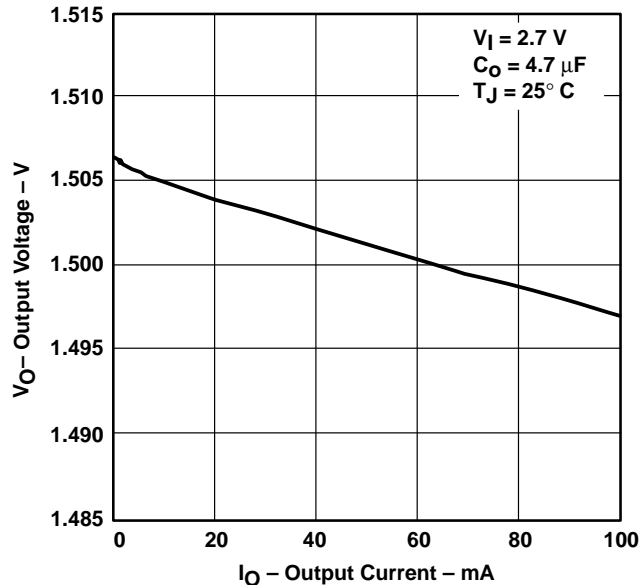
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**TPS78925**  
**OUTPUT VOLTAGE**  
**vs**  
**OUTPUT CURRENT**



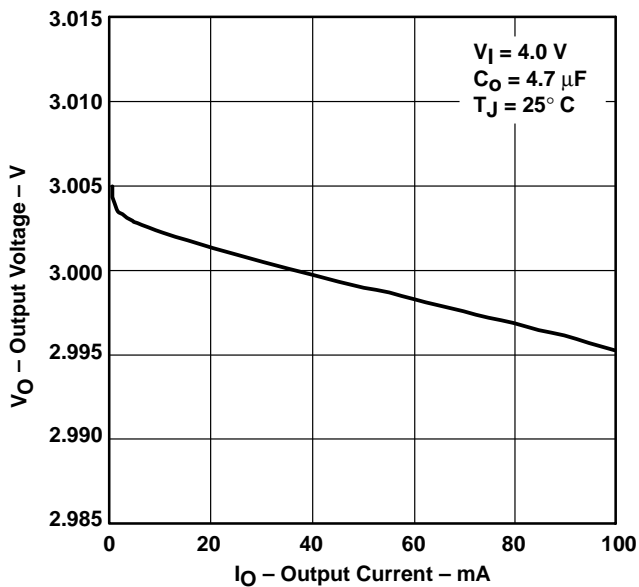
**Figure 1**

**TPS78915**  
**OUTPUT VOLTAGE**  
**vs**  
**OUTPUT CURRENT**



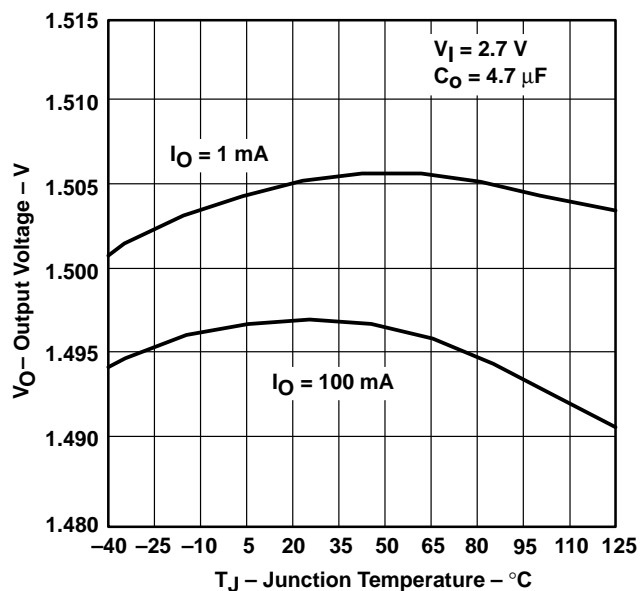
**Figure 2**

**TPS78930**  
**OUTPUT VOLTAGE**  
**vs**  
**OUTPUT CURRENT**



**Figure 3**

**TPS78915**  
**OUTPUT VOLTAGE**  
**vs**  
**JUNCTION TEMPERATURE**



**Figure 4**



TPS78915, TPS78918, TPS78925, TPS78928, TPS78930  
 ULTRALOW-POWER LOW-NOISE 100-mA  
 LOW-DROPOUT LINEAR REGULATORS

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

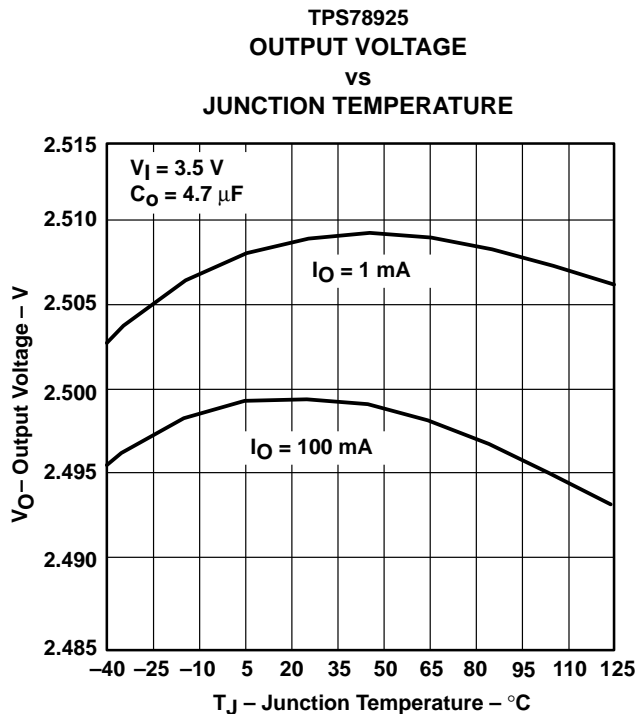


Figure 5

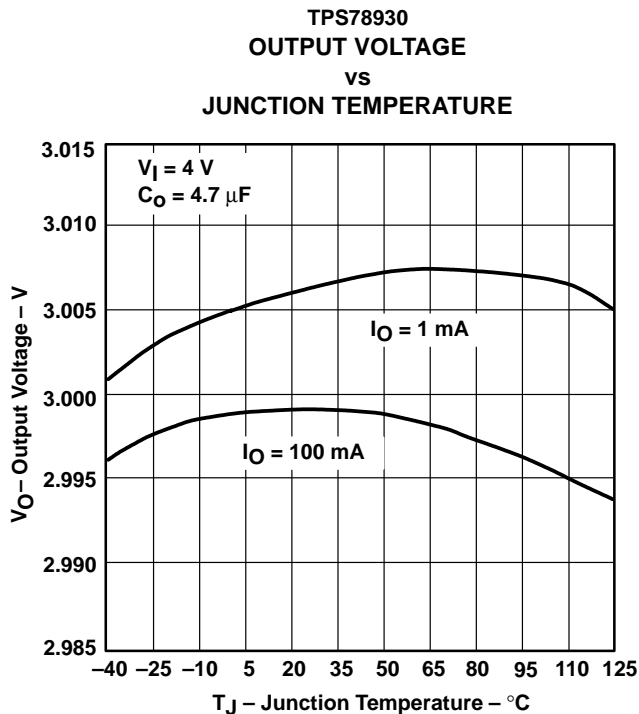


Figure 6

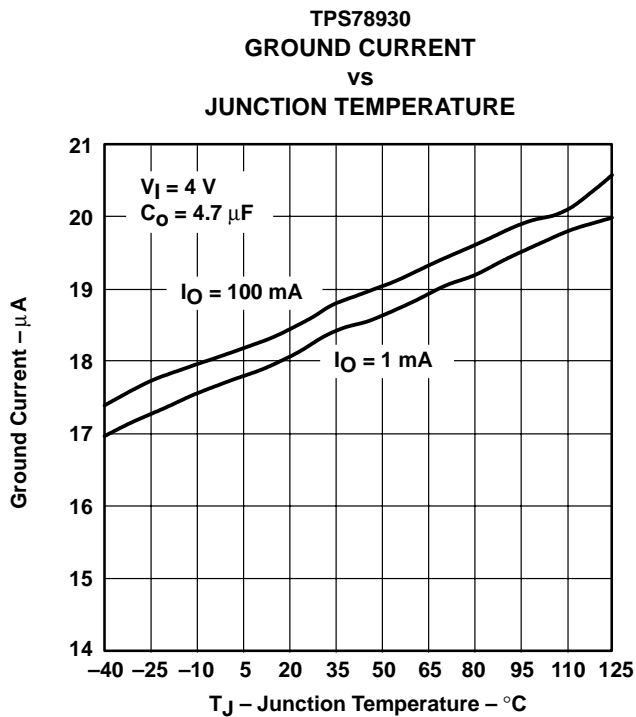


Figure 7

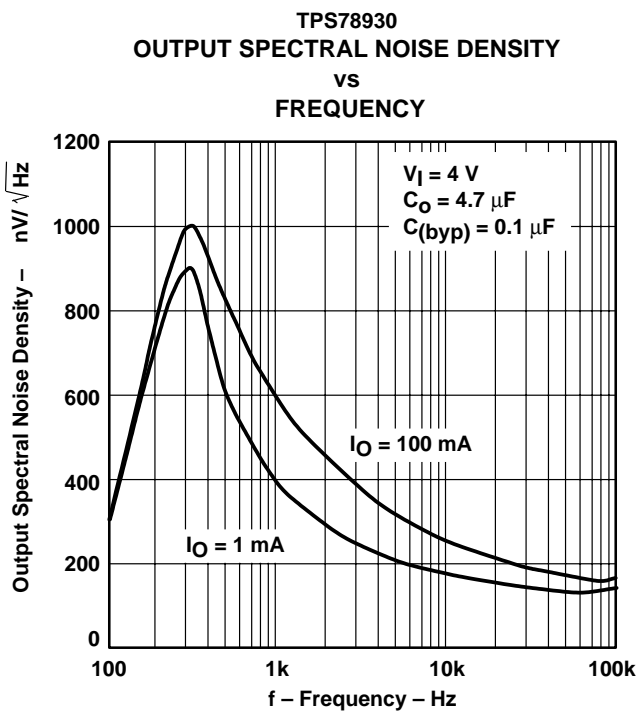


Figure 8

**TPS78915, TPS78918, TPS78925, TPS78928, TPS78930**  
**ULTRALOW-POWER LOW-NOISE 100-mA**  
**LOW-DROPOUT LINEAR REGULATORS**

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**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

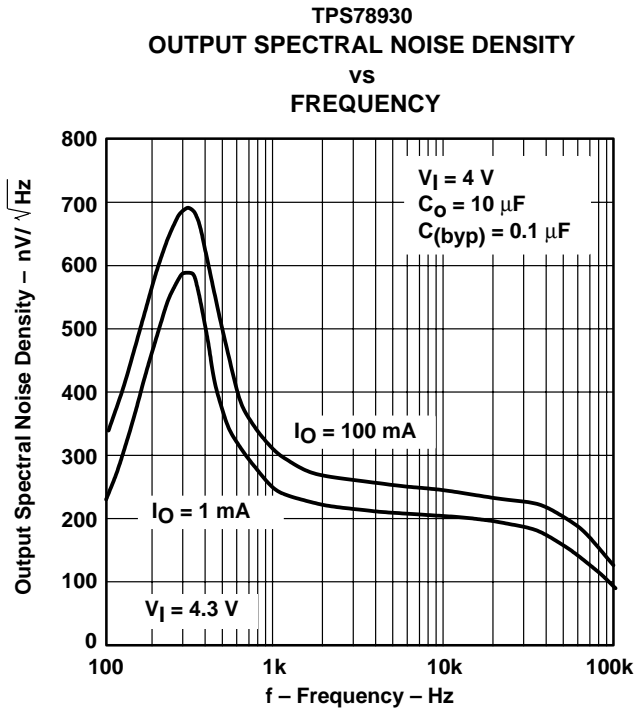


Figure 9

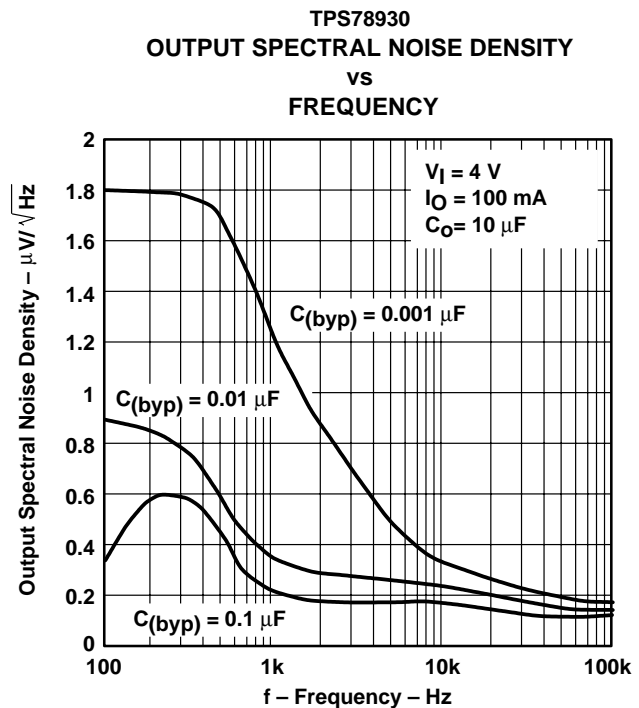


Figure 10

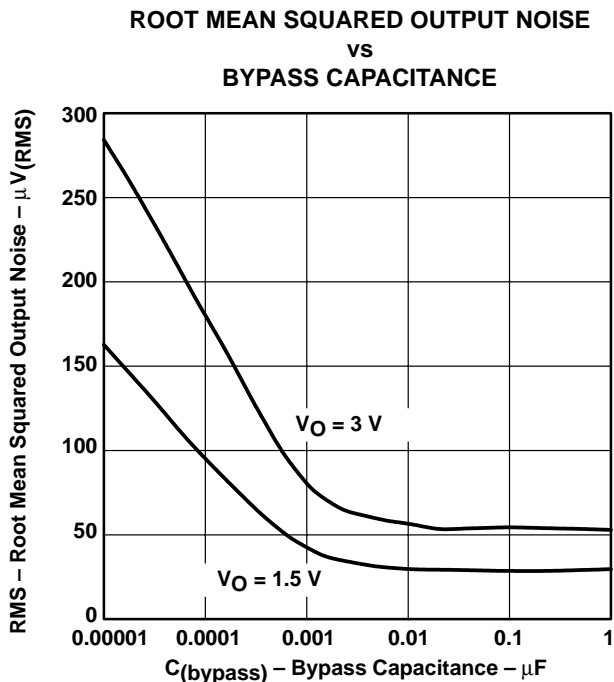


Figure 11

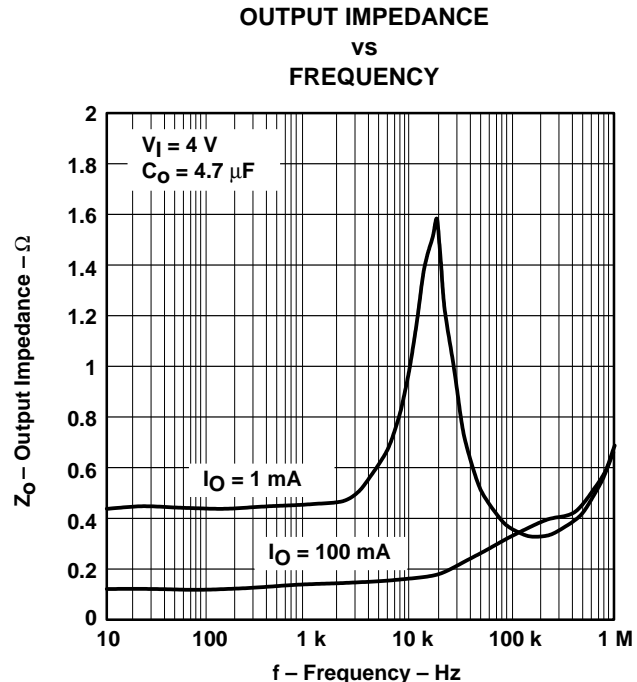
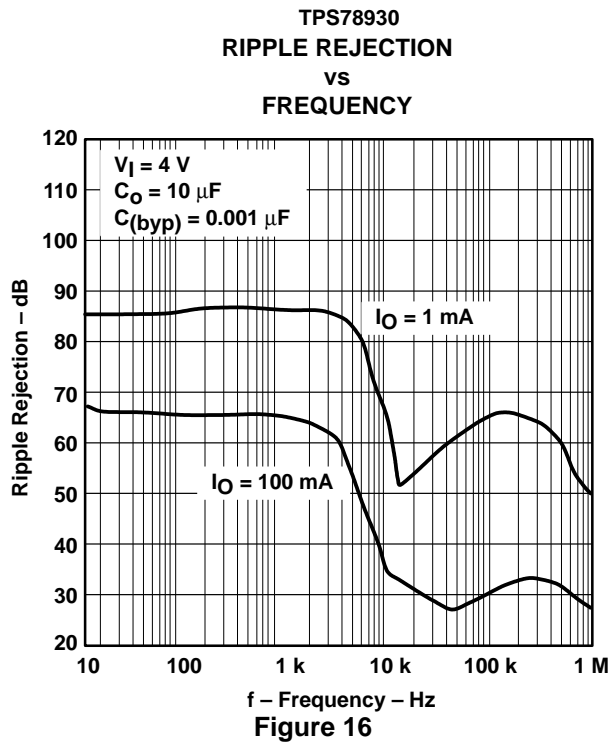
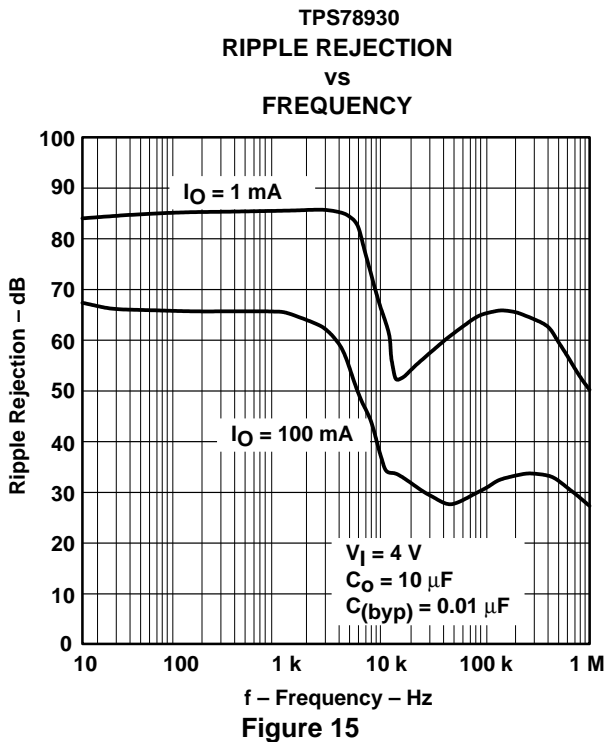
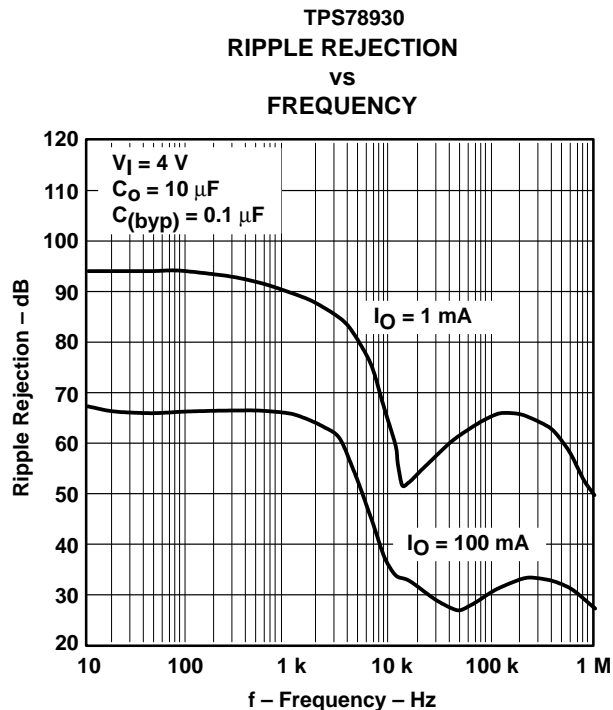
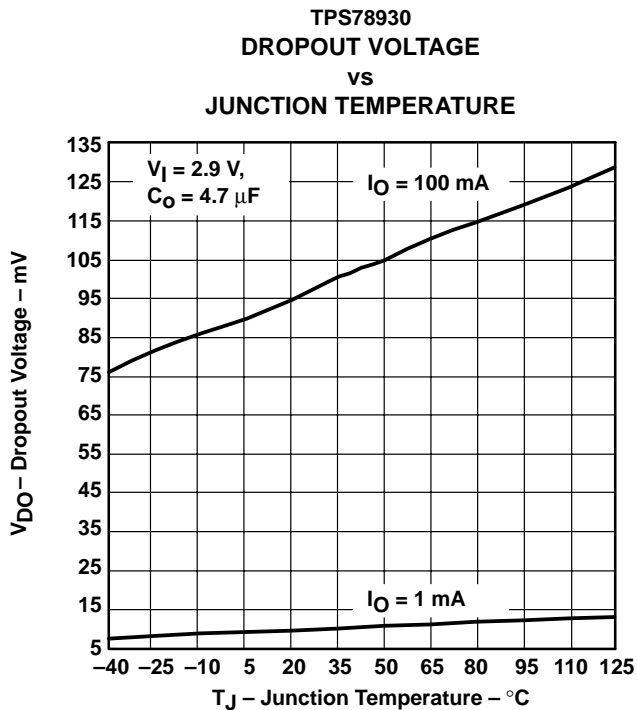


Figure 12

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

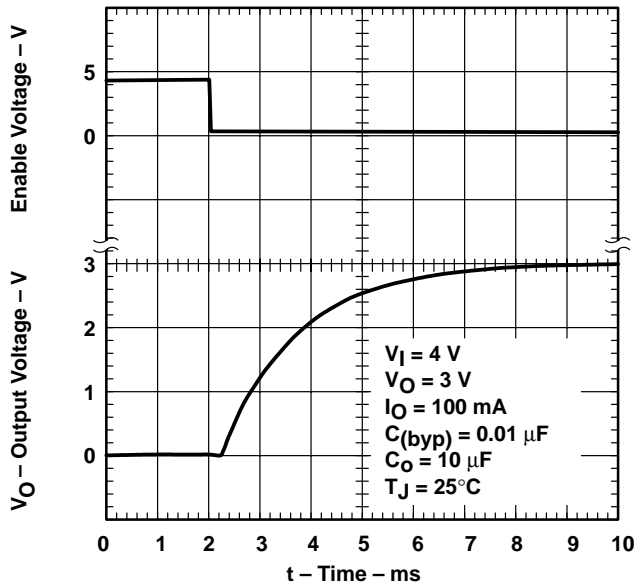


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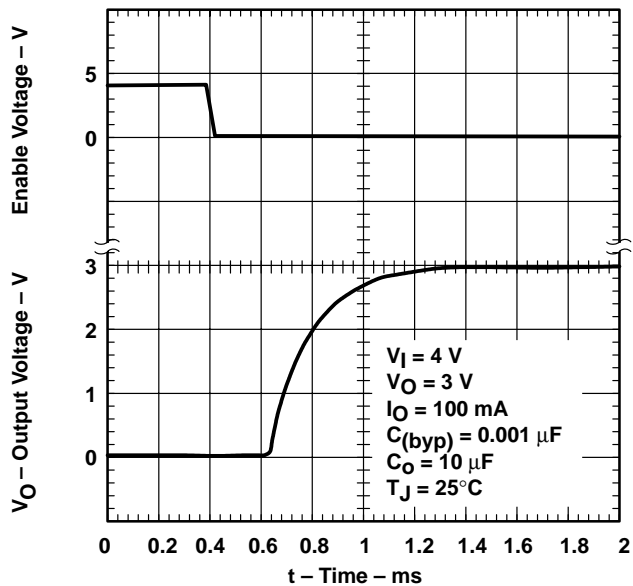
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**TPS78930**  
**OUTPUT VOLTAGE, ENABLE VOLTAGE**  
**vs**  
**TIME (START-UP)**



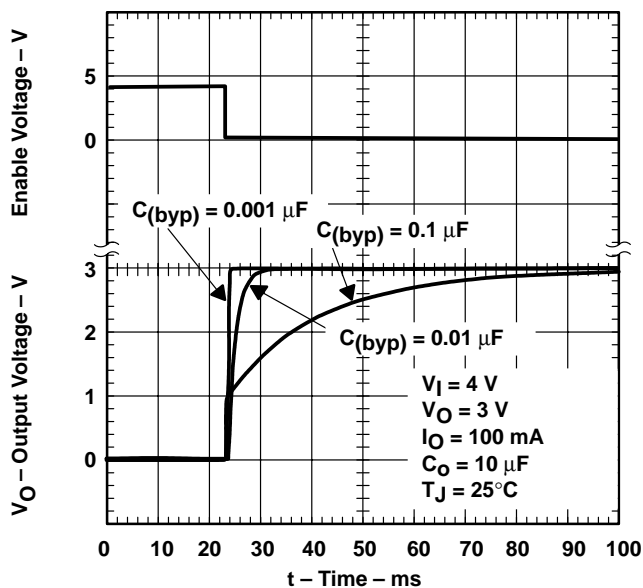
**Figure 17**

**TPS78930**  
**OUTPUT VOLTAGE, ENABLE VOLTAGE**  
**vs**  
**TIME (START-UP)**



**Figure 18**

**TPS78930**  
**OUTPUT VOLTAGE, ENABLE VOLTAGE**  
**vs**  
**TIME (START-UP)**



**Figure 19**



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

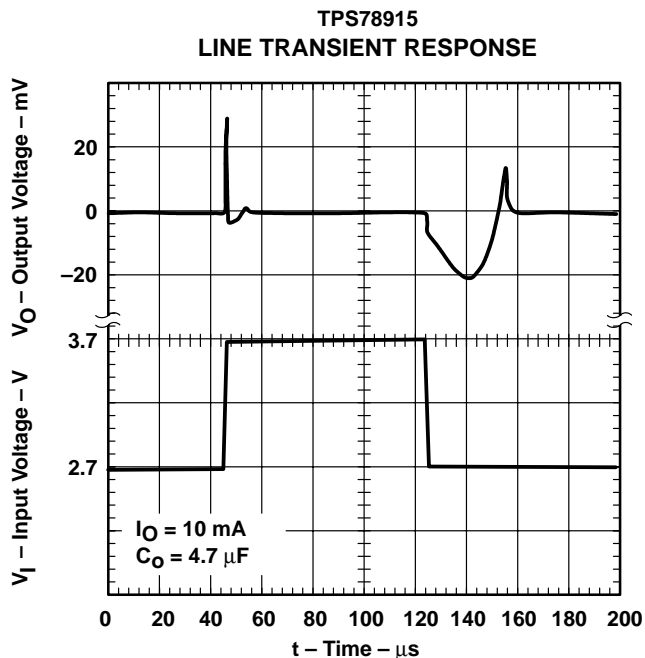


Figure 20

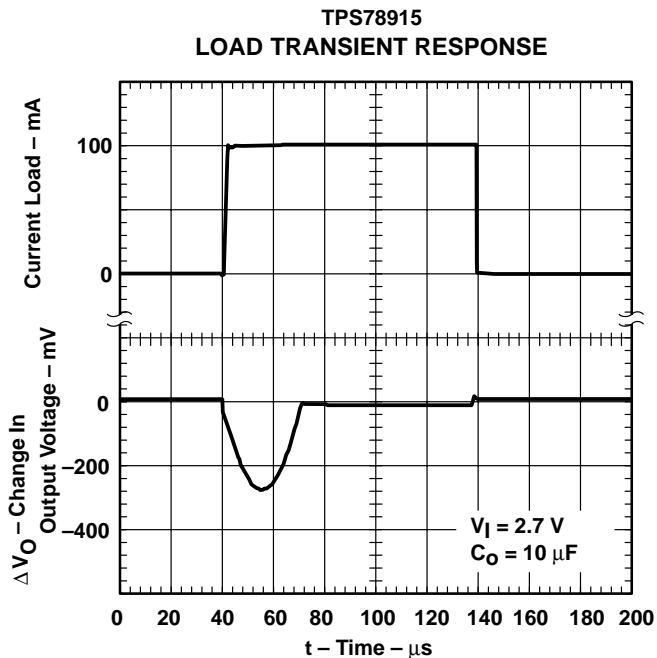


Figure 21

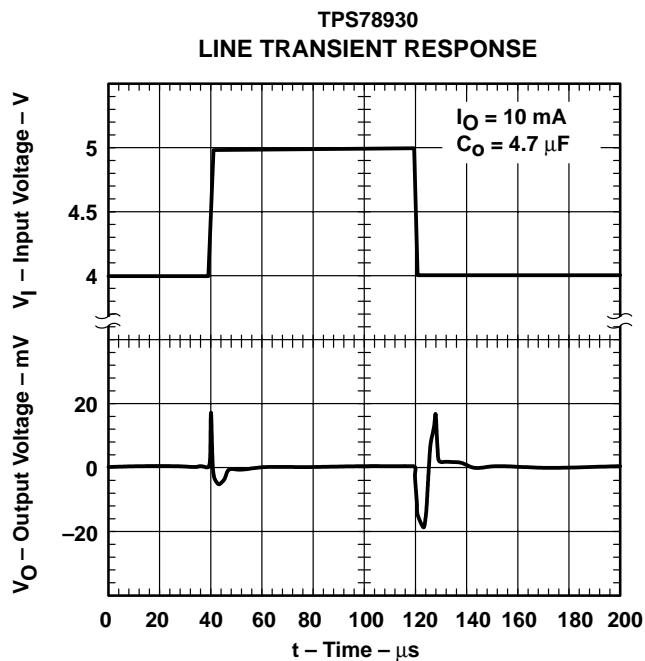


Figure 22

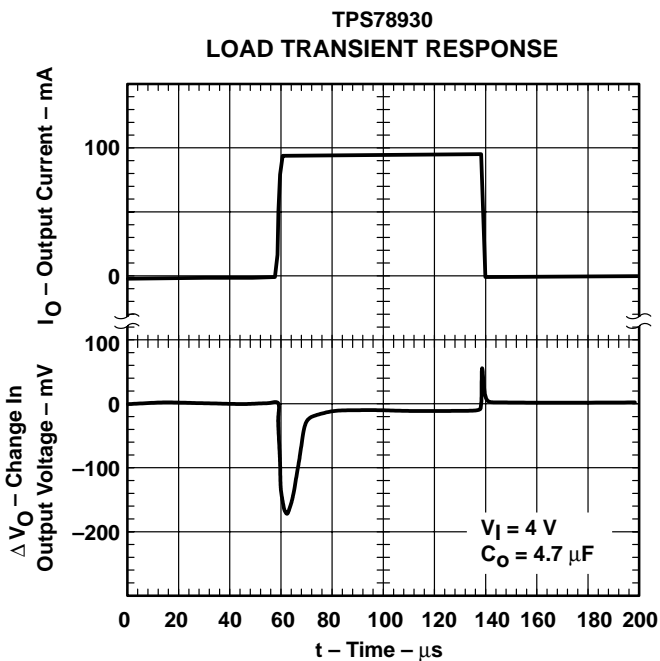


Figure 23

TPS78915, TPS78918, TPS78925, TPS78928, TPS78930  
 ULTRALOW-POWER LOW-NOISE 100-mA  
 LOW-DROPOUT LINEAR REGULATORS

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TPS78930  
 TYPICAL REGIONS OF STABILITY  
 EQUIVALENT SERIES RESISTANCE (ESR)  
 VS  
 OUTPUT CURRENT

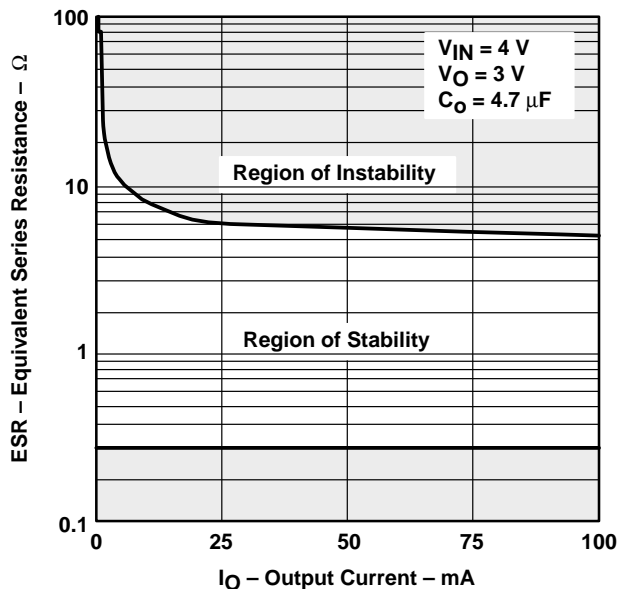


Figure 24

TPS78930  
 TYPICAL REGIONS OF STABILITY  
 EQUIVALENT SERIES RESISTANCE (ESR)  
 VS  
 OUTPUT CURRENT

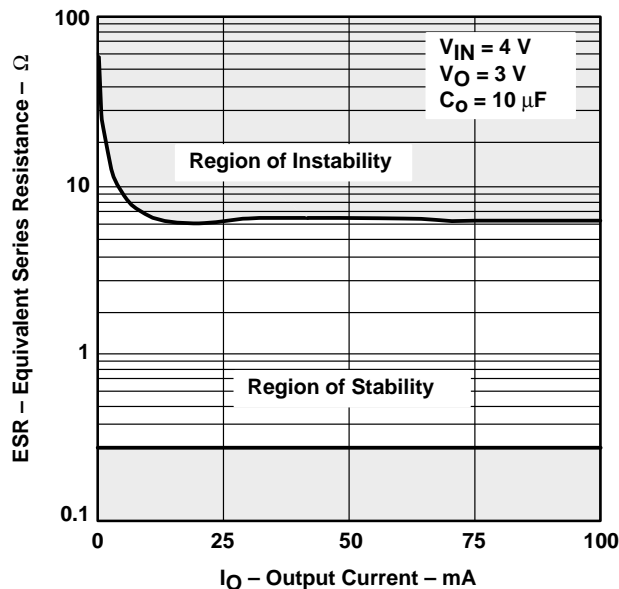


Figure 25

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

The TPS789xx family of low-dropout (LDO) regulators have been optimized for use in battery-operated equipment. They feature extremely low dropout voltages, low output noise, low quiescent current (17  $\mu\text{A}$  typically), and enable inputs to reduce supply currents to 1  $\mu\text{A}$  when the regulators are turned off.

A typical application circuit is shown in Figure 26.

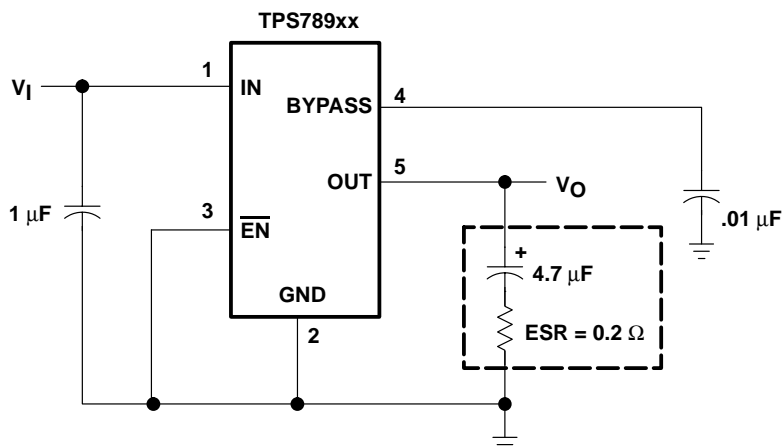


Figure 26. Typical Application Circuit

### external capacitor requirements

Although not required, a 0.047- $\mu\text{F}$  or larger ceramic input bypass capacitor, connected between IN and GND and located close to the TPS789xx, is recommended to improve transient response and noise rejection. A higher-value electrolytic input capacitor may be necessary if large, fast-rise-time load transients are anticipated and the device is located several inches from the power source.

Like all low dropout regulators, the TPS789xx requires an output capacitor connected between OUT and GND to stabilize the internal control loop. The minimum recommended capacitance is 4.7  $\mu\text{F}$ . The ESR (equivalent series resistance) of the capacitor should be between 0.2  $\Omega$  and 10  $\Omega$ . to ensure stability. Capacitor values larger than 4.7  $\mu\text{F}$  are acceptable, and allow the use of smaller ESR values. Capacitances less than 4.7  $\mu\text{F}$  are not recommended because they require careful selection of ESR to ensure stability. Solid tantalum electrolytic, aluminum electrolytic, and multilayer ceramic capacitors are all suitable, provided they meet the requirements described above. Most of the commercially available 4.7  $\mu\text{F}$  surface-mount solid tantalum capacitors, including devices from Sprague, Kemet, and Nichico, meet the ESR requirements stated above. Multilayer ceramic capacitors may have very small equivalent series resistances and may thus require the addition of a low value series resistor to ensure stability.

#### CAPACITOR SELECTION

PART NO.	MFR.	VALUE	MAX ESR†	SIZE (H × L × W)†
T494B475K016AS	KEMET	4.7 $\mu\text{F}$	1.5 $\Omega$	1.9 × 3.5 × 2.8
195D106x0016x2T	SPRAGUE	10 $\mu\text{F}$	1.5 $\Omega$	1.3 × 7.0 × 2.7
695D106x003562T	SPRAGUE	10 $\mu\text{F}$	1.3 $\Omega$	2.5 × 7.6 × 2.5
TPSC475K035R0600	AVX	4.7 $\mu\text{F}$	0.6 $\Omega$	2.6 × 6.0 × 3.2

† Size is in mm. The ESR maximum resistance is in ohms at 100 kHz and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ . Contact the manufacturer for the minimum ESR values.

# TPS78915, TPS78918, TPS78925, TPS78928, TPS78930

## ULTRALOW-POWER LOW-NOISE 100-mA LOW-DROPOUT LINEAR REGULATORS

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### APPLICATION INFORMATION

#### external capacitor requirements (continued)

The external bypass capacitor, used in conjunction with an internal resistor to form a low-pass filter, should be a low ESR ceramic capacitor. For example, the TPS78930 exhibits only  $56 \mu\text{V}_{\text{RMS}}$  of output voltage noise using a  $0.01 \mu\text{F}$  ceramic bypass capacitor and a  $10 \mu\text{F}$  ceramic output capacitors. Note that the output will start up slower as the bypass capacitance increases due to the RC time constant at the bypass pin that is created by the internal  $150 \text{ k}\Omega$  resistor and external capacitor.

#### power dissipation and junction temperature

Specified regulator operation is assured to a junction temperature of  $125^\circ\text{C}$ ; the maximum junction temperature should be restricted to  $125^\circ\text{C}$  under normal operating conditions. This restriction limits the power dissipation the regulator can handle in any given application. To ensure the junction temperature is within acceptable limits, calculate the maximum allowable dissipation,  $P_{\text{D(max)}}$ , and the actual dissipation,  $P_{\text{D}}$ , which must be less than or equal to  $P_{\text{D(max)}}$ .

The maximum-power-dissipation limit is determined using the following equation:

$$P_{\text{D(max)}} = \frac{T_{\text{Jmax}} - T_{\text{A}}}{R_{\theta\text{JA}}}$$

Where:

$T_{\text{Jmax}}$  is the maximum allowable junction temperature.

$R_{\theta\text{JA}}$  is the thermal resistance junction-to-ambient for the package, see the dissipation rating table.

$T_{\text{A}}$  is the ambient temperature.

The regulator dissipation is calculated using:

$$P_{\text{D}} = (V_{\text{I}} - V_{\text{O}}) \times I_{\text{O}}$$

Power dissipation resulting from quiescent current is negligible. Excessive power dissipation will trigger the thermal protection circuit.

#### regulator protection

The TPS789xx PMOS-pass transistor has a built-in back diode that conducts reverse current when the input voltage drops below the output voltage (e.g., during power down). Current is conducted from the output to the input and is not internally limited. If extended reverse voltage operation is anticipated, external limiting might be appropriate.

The TPS789xx features internal current limiting and thermal protection. During normal operation, the TPS789xx limits output current to approximately  $350 \text{ mA}$ . When current limiting engages, the output voltage scales back linearly until the overcurrent condition ends. While current limiting is designed to prevent gross device failure, care should be taken not to exceed the power dissipation ratings of the package. If the temperature of the device exceeds approximately  $165^\circ\text{C}$ , thermal-protection circuitry shuts it down. Once the device has cooled down to below approximately  $140^\circ\text{C}$ , regulator operation resumes.



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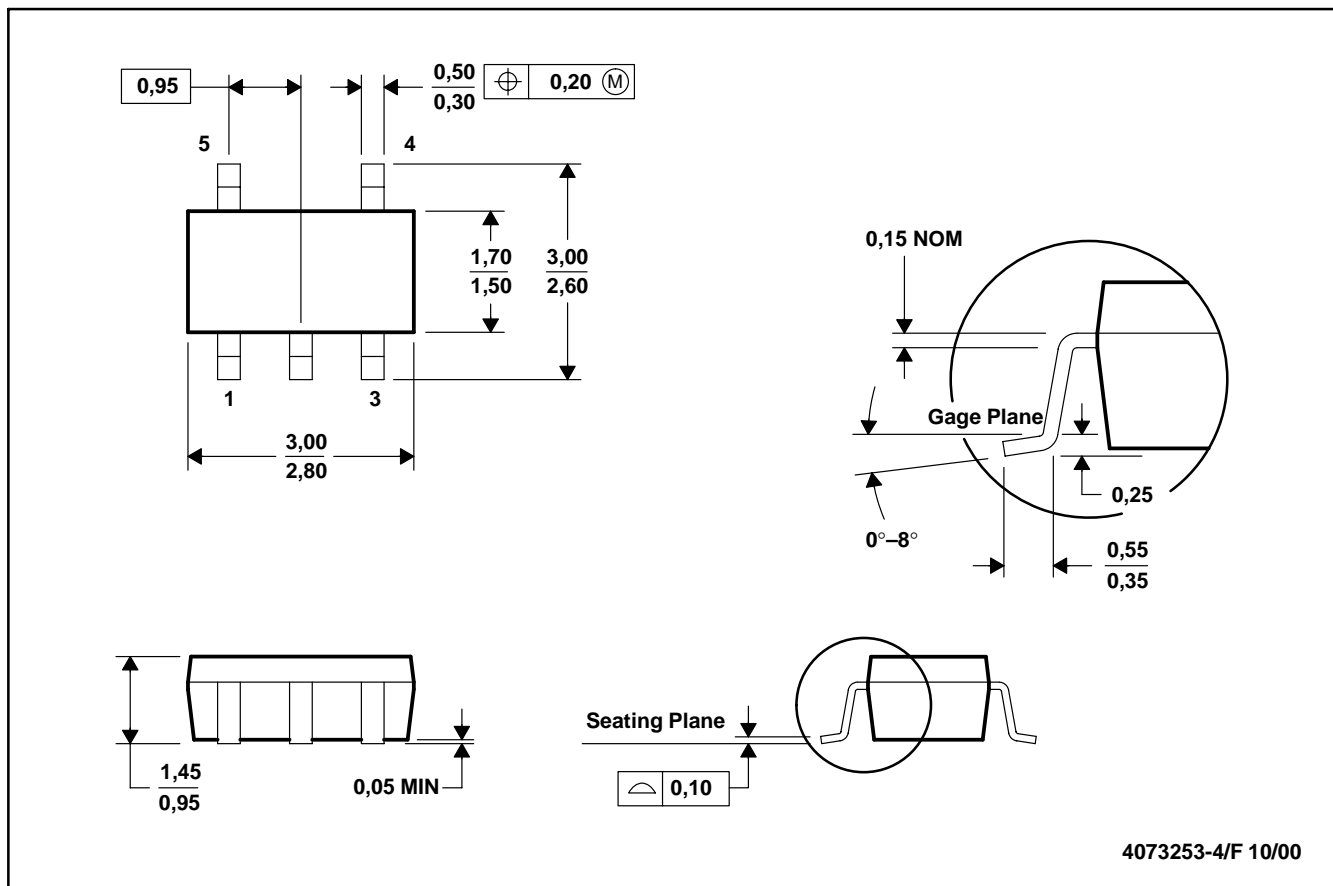
TPS78915, TPS78918, TPS78925, TPS78928, TPS78930  
 ULTRALOW-POWER LOW-NOISE 100-mA  
 LOW-DROPOUT LINEAR REGULATORS

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MECHANICAL DATA

DBV (R-PDSO-G5)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.
  - Falls within JEDEC MO-178

**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TPS78915DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	PDWI	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78915DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	PDWI	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78918DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	PDXI	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78918DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	PDXI	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78925DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	PDYI	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78925DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	PDYI	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78925DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	PDYI	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78928DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	PDZI	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78928DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	PDZI	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78930DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	PEAI	<a href="#">Samples</a>
TPS78930DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	PEAI	<a href="#">Samples</a>

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

**Green:** TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

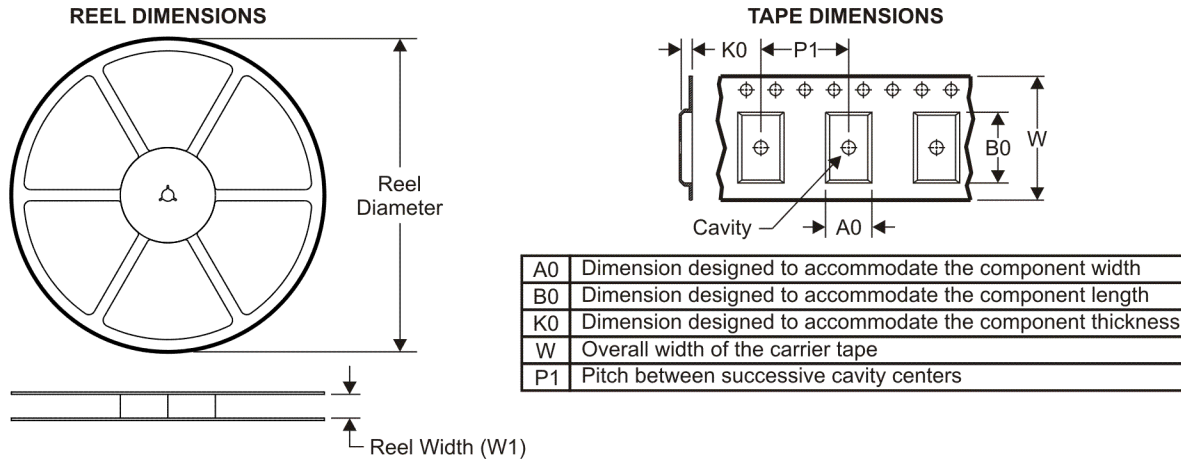
(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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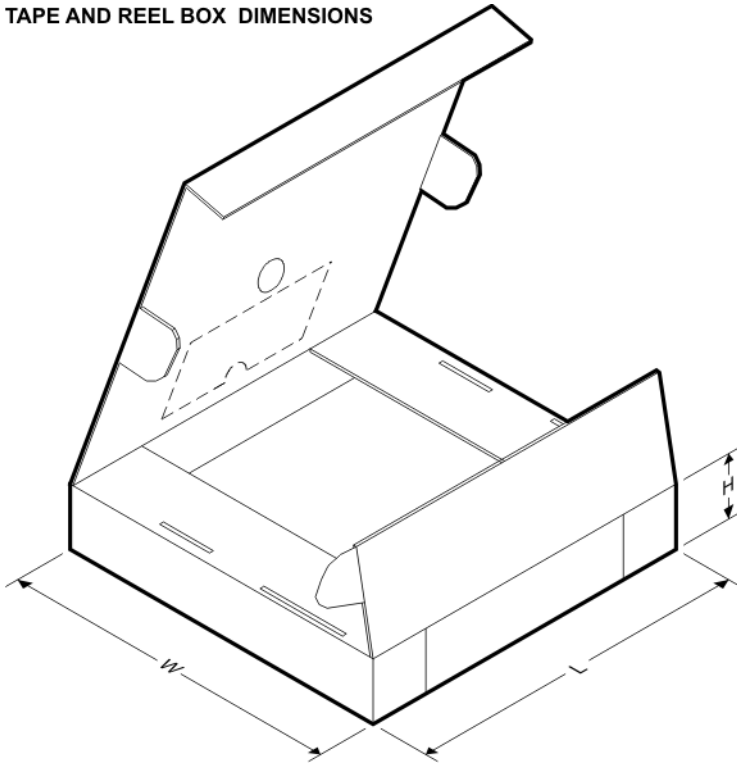
**QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE**



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS78915DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	9.0	3.15	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78915DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	9.0	3.15	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78918DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	9.0	3.15	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78918DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	9.0	3.15	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78925DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	9.0	3.15	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78925DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	9.0	3.15	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78928DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	9.0	3.15	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78928DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	9.0	3.15	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78930DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	9.0	3.15	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TPS78930DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	9.0	3.15	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3

**TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS**



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS78915DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS78915DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS78918DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS78918DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS78925DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS78925DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS78928DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS78928DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS78930DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS78930DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	182.0	182.0	20.0

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